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## VICK PUBLISHING COMPANY

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# The Desert Sentinels. By Georgina S. Townsend.

# "My Lady Heliotrope." By Mrs. J. A. Wood.

Just as "The man who wants to see me is the man I want to see" tells the story of a true psychological law of response to interest, so, in the experience of each one born with an impulse to plant, there are plants really beloved—held in the heart—and they are always those who respond with growth and sweetness to our expenditure of interest and care.

I was a very little girl, loug ago, when the first picture of James Vick appeared in

"The Floral Guide" and I pleased my family by announcing as my young reason for the benignity of the face, that "he had been smelling flowers all his life." Why should he not be benign? What plant would dare withold its very best from so wise and loving care? Out of all that my soul holds dear for such response stands out a heliotrope—a cutting planted in the open ground in the spring, enriched and well watered through the summer but not allowed to bloom,—each branch lost its heart as soon as it had grown about four inches so that in late September, when I potted it in good rich soil I had a stocky, strong plant of many branches each of which, as soon as it had adjusted itself to its new conditions developed a strong bud cluster.

bud cluster.

On Thanksgiving Day I cut my first half dozen clusters of the sweet and lovely blossoms to carry to my hostess. All through the winter, about once a week I had several strong clusters to send to some shut-in, never allowing a flower to fade on the plant. I kept it in a sunny window and every few days sprayed it with luke warm water and once a week gave it a plant food.

The plant branched out with every cutting away, of course that it might bring forth more, and the climax was reached on April sixth-when it rose to the occasion of the seventieth birthday of the dearest Grandma in the world with exactly seventy cluster of buds and blossoms, small clusters to be sure after such valiant work all winter, but still enough to fitly honor the more than complete ful-

honor the more than complete ful-fillment of life—by reason of strength—to three score and ten.



A CACTUS PLANT IN BLOOM

#### Woodland Lessons.

BY MAURICE B. ALLISON.

Naught'but dross are place and treasure At those times you count or measure Riches found of health and pleasure

Close to nature's woodland heart. Not a throb is one of sadness Pulsates only Eden's gladness Never felt on city mart.

Sweet tongued poets, clear-eyed sages, Lonely dreamers through all ages Culled no lore from dusty pages

Like wise nature's heart doth hold. Earth-old rocks and oak-trees hoary Tell a far more wondrous story

Than all books how cycles rolled.

From the rocks the lesson borrow That calm patience through deep sorrow Wins for all a golden morrow,

When comes joy and sweet repose, While the sunset's glowing splendor Makes your cold heart warm and tender As the June tide's reddest rose

# Nasturtiums on Inclined Trellis.

By Florence Beckwith.

By Florence Beckwith.

A very effective way of training Nasturtiums was noticed last summer. The seed was sown in a bed in front of a house, about twenty inches from the foundation wall. A wire screen about four feet high, such as used for poultry yards, was set up back of the row of plants, the top resting against the house. The slight inclination of the screen threw the blossoms into prominence and they made a much finer display than they do when the support is vertical. Every flower seemed to show.

Mixed varieties were planted, of the Hybrids of Madam Gunther type, and the blending of colors was very pretty. Yellow, crimson, bronze, salmon-rose, pink, and maroon colored flowers vied with striped, blotched, mottled and variegated ones in making a brilliant display. The soil was not so rich as to induce a too luxuriant growth of vines and leaves, consequently more blossoms were produced. The light, almost transparent green foliage of some varieties contrasting with the dark, purplish tints of other kinds, helped to heighten the effect. I did not notice a prettier showing of Nasturtiums anywhere last season.

# For Next Winter.

BY EMMA CLEARWATERS

Does it seem previous to think of next winter's flowers, ere summer is hardly here? Notice though that the one who commences early in preparing for the winter window garden has the nicest plants and the most blossoms.

No collection is complete without at least a few



Corner of Cactus Display in Park at Riverside, Cal

geraniums. Many successful window gardeners prefer to take slips of the nicest plants in July for the next winter's plants; others prefer to use an older, larger plant. Both ways are good, more depending upon the varieties of geraniums selected, and most upon the care given the plants. Of course it is reasonable that a large plant with many branches will give one more flowers than will a small one, but the younger plant if well managed, will have quite a number of nice branches before winter. The older, harder-wooded plant will not be so easily touched with frost. Whichever way one decides to do, it is best not to allow any buds to form until late; pinch them out as soon as they can be distinguished from the leaf-buds. If slips are used, pot them in six or eight inch pots as soon as well rooted, using one-third rich clay, the rest rich, well-decayed barn yard soil with enough sand or soot added to make the soil lively. Pot deep enough so the plant will stand firmly; plunge the pot in a bed where the forenoon sun will shine, and never allow the plants to suffer for water.

nrmly; plunge the pot in a bed where the forthcomsun will shine, and never allow the plants to suffer
for water.

If an older plant is chosen, prune the scraggly branches all out, pot in the vessel it is to remain in next winter, using soil as above, and
plunge in an eastern exposed bed. Prune all plants
as needed to keep shapely and dis-bud all the time.
Do not remove from the bed until sharp frosts
threaten, then take as much of the soil from the
pots as possible without disturbing the roots, filling
in with rich soil. After scrubbing the outside of
pots, place on a porch, gradually accustoming them
to inside air. (This applies to all plants). Do
not dis-bud any more, unless it is a mal-formed bud.
Such geraniums, if varieties like La Favorite, S.
A. Nutt, Mrs. E. G. Hill, Mars and Souvenir de
Mirande are chosen, should give lots of flowers, in
a sunny window, all through the winter.

### The Primrose.

BY KATHERINE A. SUITER.

For those who have no south windows there is no flower that will prove as satisfactory as the Primrose. No flower is more sweet, none will yield such quantities of bloom and none is more easily

such quantities of bloom and none is more easily grown.

To grow fine plants there are three essentials, 1st good seed, 2d good soil, 3d thoughtful care. A packet of mixed seed will be likely to prove the most satisfactory, and will generally give a good range of color. Prepare the soil, having procured the seeds, taking woods earth, sand and garden soil in equal parts, or you may take ½ woods earth and of sand and garden soil equal parts, sift thoroughly until the soil is thoroughly blended. A seed box, or flat, as florists call them, should be in readiness. It can easily be made by any one who can handle a saw and hammer. Procure a small box from your grocer, saw it in two lengthwise using the cover for bottom of one box, nail sides and bottom securely, bore a few ½ inch holes in bottom to provide drainage. Then cover bottom of box to the depth of at least an inch with the pebbles, tiny sticks and partly decayed leaves sifted from the soil, then put in the sifted soil, jarring the box sharply to settle it well, level it nicely with a small flat block of wood, water thoroughly, and allow it to drain an hour or two. When it has drained sufficiently take a small straight stick or ruler and mark off your box in rows one or one and a half inches apart. Scatter the seeds evenly and thinly in the rows made, cover lightly with sifted soil and firm covering gently with ruler. Then watch carefully, do not allow seed-box to dry out, neither keep too wet. In about two weeks the little plants will begin to appear, they make rapid growth. I have plants now that

began blooming before Christmas, which were grown from seed sown after the middle of July. But it is better to sow in April or the latter part of March, then the plants will be larger and ready to bloom by the time they will need to be taken indoors. Those who cannot get the small pots in which to transplant the little seedlings will find egg shells a very good substitut; we save the shells from all the eggs we use for that purpose. When using eggs we break the small end, breaking away enough shell to allow the yolk to be removed without breaking the same.

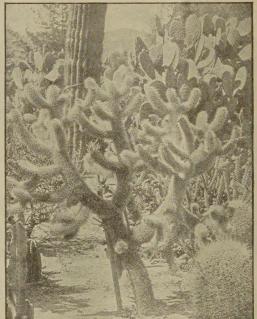
When we need the shells for planting we use an awl to break a small hole in bottom of shell for drainage, first placing shell on a

a small hole in bottom of shell for drainage, first placing shell on a board or block of wood. Then we fill them with fine rich soil, setting the shells in one of the seed flats, from which some of the earth has been removed, or not filled as full as for sowing seeds—and filling fine soil around and to top of the shells. The little plants are then transferred from the seed box to their individual homes and how they do grow. Keep box in

box to their individual homes and how they do gro v. Keep box in a shady place but where there is a free circulation of air; under a tree is a very good location.

When the plants need larger pots, the egg shells can be broken and the plant set in the pot without disturbing a root. When the plants begin to bloom give a fertilizer. If you cannot do so, use liquid manure made by pouring boiling water on hen manure or cow manure and allowing it to cool. Pour off the clear liquid and dilute until the color of weak tea. Give 1/2 pint to each 4 or 5 inch pot every two weeks.

Of the different varieties the Chinese Primrose is Perhaps the prettiest, but P. Obconica and P. Forbesi



Native Cacti in Eastlake Park, Los Angeles, Cal

(Baby Primrose) are close seconds and are as easily raised from seed.

Every flower lover will surely be pleased with a collection of Primroses, and watching them grow, and the different blossoms unfolding are among the greatest

### Primula Obconica.

I had found these rather diffi-cult plants to take through the sum-mer successfully, until I tried plant-ing them out in ing them out in the open ground. I do not usually are to do this with house plants, but these do not object to do not object to being disturbed in the fall, and are in fine condition. I rest them as much as possible while in pots during May, plant out about June 1st, and lift them the first part of September. After such treatment they bloom abundantly in winter.

## Centaureas Very Early.

By S. B. HOPKINS.

By S. B. HOPKINS.

Centaurea cyanus, variously known as bachelor's button, blue bottle, corn flower, has always been a favorite. Its attractive flowers are especially desirable for boulonnieres on account of their lasting qualities. They can be had extra early by sowing the seed in the latter part of July. You will have strong plants several inches high before cold weather comes. These being very hardy, can remain outdoors over winter. As far north as St. Louis they require no protection whatever and begin to blossom about the time spring-sown seeds are sprouting; hence flowers all season.

# A New Way to Make a Fern Ball.

BY FLORA LEE.

Make a hole at least an inch in diameter in bottom, and as many as possible in sides of a condensed milk can. The tin is thin and size right (half-pint). Into the bottom hole of this foundation insert the roots of a small fern from the woods; turn can right side up; cover roots with leaf mold; put in more ferns (of uniform size) in lower holes; fill in leaf mold, then ferns again; continue this to top, where several should be planted. Cover can with moss, hang and keep well

## Beautiful Flowers.

BY MRS. A. R. PERHAM.

Beautiful flowers, they come with the spring; Come when the birds are returning to sing; Making earth beautiful, making it bright, Bringing to weary hearts untold delight.

Beautiful flowers, through summer they stay. Making the fields and the meadows so gay, Filling with grandeur the garden retreat, Shedding about us their fragrance so sweet.

Beautiful flowers, in autumn's cold blast, Seeming more beautiful then to the last: Like the true friends who will lovingly stay, E'en when all others turn coldly away.

Beautiful flowers, they give us delight When winter comes with its garment of white. Still in our dwellings their presence shall cheer, Though all without may be frozen and drear.

Beautiful flowers, they gladden our way Oft for the sick they have brightened the day, Silent, yet telling of God's love and care, Who has arrayed them in colors so fair.

Beautiful flowers, the wedding they grace, And round our dear ones departed we place, And when loved faces are hidden from sight, Scatter above them the blossoms so bright.

# Petunias.

BY ALICE MAY DOUGLAS.

Petunias are easily grown from cuttings. Those about six inches long do best. Place these in sand about four inches deep, place a tumbler over





Cactus Hedge Planted by the Mission Fathers in 1763.

# Hypericum Moserianum. By Florence Beckwith.

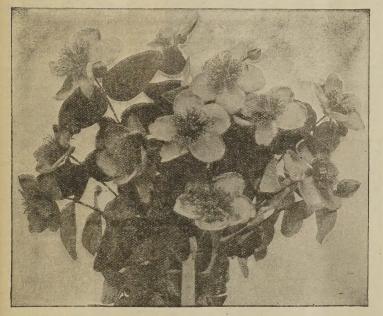
NE of the brightest and prettiest of summer-blooming perennials is Hypericum Moserianum, or Gold Flower. The plant is rather 'dwarf in habit, only reaching a height of two or two and a half feet, with graceful, pendulous branches. It is remarkably free-blooming, the long, slender, much-branched stems apparently drooping from the weight of the flowers and buds. The foliage is a handsome dark green, the upper side of the leaves much darker than the lower. The blossoms are of the brightest, golden yellow, measuring from two to three inches across, with a great quantity of yellow stamens tipped with crimson, which render the effect of the flowers still more pronounced.

A little distance away the blossoms look like single yellow roses. The glossy golden petals and clustering stamens make a truly exquisite flower, and, though borne in the greatest profusion, each blossom seems to face in such a way that all its beauty is displayed. The dark green foliage makes a fine background for the great, showy, yellow disks, which gleam like burnished gold.

Beginning to bloom in June, the bush will flower continuously until October. The leaves have the same odor and the same resinous dots as those of the common St. John's-wort, to which family it belongs, but the Moserianum has none of the coarseness of most of the other members of the genus, and the blossoms are the showiest of all the one hundred and seventy or more species.

Grown in masses the Gold Flower makes a beautiful show. It is useful in the front of a border of shrubs, or for planting among taller bushes which do not cover the ground. It can be grown in shady places where other plants do not thrive, and will succeed in rather poor soil, but it deserves to have good soil and the best of care. In the South it is said to make a beautiful dwarf hedge for winter effects, the foliage turning to a sort of purplish hue.

The plant is considered by some perfectly hardy, others style it half-hardy. It is apt to be injured in winter if in an exposed situation, and should be protected by



HYPERICUM MOSERIANUM.

branches of evergreens or rough stable litter. If covered, the shrub will retain its leaves all winter. If the branches are killed back it will start out lower down, or from the root. The old, dead wood should be trimmed out early in the spring to make room for new growth. It can be propagated by cuttings during the summer. If you want a charming summer-blooming shrub of low growth and beautiful golden blossoms, try the Gold Flower.

# Calla Culture.

# By Georgina S. Townsend.

I am constantly in receipt of letters begging me to give explicit directions how to raise Callas successfully. Lately when I dug out a border for asters, I thought how surprised these Eastern floral friends would be, to see me dig out, with small patience, the hundreds of calla bulblets which were pestering that border, like any common weed. If the corms are thrown any where, that place will soon be infested with small ones. While callas are very pretty, they are a nuisance sometimes, so it amuses me a little to think of giving advice how to grow them. How not to grow them is the advice I sometimes need.

But I remember when I lived "back East" in that awful country of cold and heat, blizzards and cyclones, I always had good luck with callas then. But as everyone has always said, "You have such luck. You can make anything grow."

I always got a good blooming size corm, which ought to be half as large as one's fist. I planted it in an eight-inch pot in one-third old barn yard earth, one-third sand, one-third loam, well mixed. I always had a handful of charcoal and broken crock in the bottom of the pot. I also had a deep saucer for the pot. Then I soaked the calla, set it in a sunny window, and before long it started to grow. Every morning I poured hot water in the saucer, and tepid water in the pot. Callas grow on water. I gave a fertilizing tea about once a month. They bloom about three months after growth starts, and a good corm ought to produce several blossoms. The leaves should be kept clean, and the calla should have all the sun possible, although in our climate, they do best on a north side of the house.

After blooming it can die down, be dried off, and left in the pot under a bush until fall. Then it should be repotted in new soil. There is no reason why one can not succeed if they treat a calla in this way.



# The Arrangement of Flowers

Third of a series of four illustrated articles on this subject.

### By N. Hudson Moore.



HERE are not many flowers that lend themselves to more graceful ar-

HERE are not many flowers that lend themselves to more graceful arrangement than violets, provided that they are properly treated. The idea of many people is, first of all, to banish the natural leaves of the plant, and substitute others. This is a great mistake, and the leaves of the flower itself should always be chosen, except in those rare cases where they are so stiff or ungraceful, that they spoil the effect.

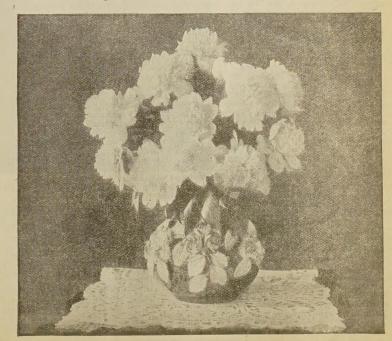
Violets are generally tied in little tight bunches that are all very well for the corsage, but when they are selected for table decoration, they need to be dealt with otherwise. Nothing is more beautiful than a bunch of the large single California violets with their own rich, dark green leaves. The illustration shows admirably what an ornamental centre piece they make, and the splendid purple against the white of a table cloth is one of those satisfactory compositions of color, that give pleasure to the eye, one of the first senses to be gratified at a successfully arranged dinner table. If there are the wild crowfoot violets growing in your neighborhood, they are quite as lovely as the California ones, and have the further merit, of being had for the picking.

lovely as the California ones, and have the further merit, of being had for the picking.

Cut glass is the sort of receptacle to be used in this case, or at any rate, nothing showing color, since the color of the flowers themselves is quite strong enough, and generally suffers by the combination with any other.

On the other hand, the flowers so effectively shown in second illustration, can take quite an amount of color on the table beside, and not be thrown in the shade. I remember distinctly a very charming dinner, where the flowers were pale pink peonies, and they stood on a cloth embroidered with a darker shade of pink, and when a splendid piece of salmon was brought on, its color harmonizing with the flowers, it was one of the most effective color schemes I ever saw.

The peony of to-day is a very elegant flower, quite different from the "piney," as our grandmothers used to call it, and there is hardly a garden that has not a bush of it, so that it is easily obtained, and when cared for by having fresh water added each day, it will keep fresh for some days. Here too, the leaves are of only secondary importance to the blossoms themselves, though it is often trying to sacrifice buds for the sake of getting them. But if the buds are not too immature when plucked, they will open, and are almost as lovely as roses themselves. The peony is a favorite flower with the Japanese, they use it constantly in their paintings, and after their flower with the Japanese, they use it constantly in their paintings, and after their flower with the Japanese, they use it constantly in their paintings, and after their flower with the Japanese, though it is often trying to sacrifice buds for the sake of getting them. But if the buds are not too immature when plucked, they will open, and are almost as lovely as roses themselves. The peony is a favorite flower with the Japanese, they use it constantly in their paintings, and after their flower with the Japanese, they use it constantly in their paintings, and after their flower with



# Through Fields and Woodlands



By N. Huason Moore



HE russet wren glides in among the vines, And adds another strand unto its nest. Then, on the neighboring trellis, pours its song. The poor man's cottage is its favorite haunt; And he is poor indeed, who to his roof Can welcome not this yearly visitor, To cheer his door with music!"

Thomas B. Reed.

# Birds About the House.

The year 1888 was exceedingly disastrous for bluebirds, for it was the year of the great blizzard, and for many days they were without food. Very slowly but quite surely they have been increasing, however, and now they are present in their

usual numbers, and are coming about our houses, for in these years we have learned the necessity of caring for and protecting our birds, and appreciate more fully the pleasure of having them our neighbors and

Of all our fa-miliar birds, there is none that has a warmer place in our hearts than those hearts than those that we ar the coat of blue. To be sure the female is not so gaily fitted out as the male in the matter of color, but she has winningways of her own and of her own, and her sterling qualities make up for her plainer dress. This year there have been many little families within city limits, all that have come within my resident

residents of boxes provided for them, showing that they like this kind of home, and that they will seek it out, even if it is among many houses, near to the noisy trolley, and subjected to the depredations

ing that they like this kind of home, and that they will seek it out, even if it is among many houses, near to the noisy trolley, and subjected to the depredations of boys and cats.

To be precise, I know of eleven boxes where bluebirds have built this spring, all of them put up this year, and some of them in places where these birds have never been in the habit of coming.

It is one of the prettiest sights in the world to see a pair start housekeeping. When they first discover the box, there is a perfect chatter, which sounds as if they

It is one of the prettiest sights in the world to see a pair start housekeeping. When they first discover the box, there is a perfect chatter, which sounds as if they were saying:

"Well, what do you think of it? Will it do? Do you think the roof won't leak?" And they go in and out, and round about, examining every nook and cranny, till you almost get discouraged, and think that there is something faulty with the construction, and that they have discovered it. But have patience, they are only making up their minds, and after due consideration you will be charmed one day, by seeing them going in and out with sticks and straws, and realize that you have tenants at last. They are very devoted, and he helps quite as much as she will allow, and does not contribute his share by sitting on a branch and singing to the wideworld, as many other varieties of birds do.

You can easily tell the male from the female, and if you will watch, you will see that the bright blue coat goes in quite as often as the dull blue one. When building is quite over, and the eggs are laid and incubation commences, you see the male at his best. He is always at hand, and if the intrusive sparrows come too near he drives them away, although he cannot bear them, hating even to notice them enough to attack them. Then peace once more restored to the spot, he comes to a twig near the nest, and flutes to her who sits inside, that all is well.

Perhaps he will tell her that as he comes, for it is one of the bluebird's charms that he sings as he flies. The box shown in the pictures was placed in an orchard, and surely there was never a choicer situation. When the photograph was to be taken, there was doubt as to whether she was on the nest, or off for food. But a gentle tap at the foot of the tree made her pop her head out to see who had rapped, and if any harm threatened. She did not like the preparations, but when they were concluded she returned to the nest, and you see her just going in.

Weens will come very often, if you prepare boxes to their l

mon sparrows, and often the male is not much in evidence. He in evidence. He is not a conspicuous bird at all, tiil his second year, when he takes on the purple wash that gives him his name. In my experience there is always more than one female to a male, but a single male bird can make music for half an acre of ground, and not strain his throat to do it.



#### THE CLOVER.

Some sings of the lily, and daisy, and rose, And the pansises and pinks that the Summertime throws In the green grassy lap of the medder that lays Blinkin' up at the sky through the sunshiny days; But what is the lily, and all the rest Of the flowers, to a man with a hart in his brest That was dipped brimmin' full of the honey and dew Of the sweet clover-blossoms his babyhood knew?

James Whitcomb Riley.

# Grandma's Sunday Shoes

#### MRS. I. B. WALKER

Walnut Hill, Nov. 22, 19-

My Dear Leah:—
Now that I am again temporarily free from my old enemy rheumatism, I gladly avail myself of the first opportunity to comply with your request for a sketch of

avail myself of the first opportunity to comply with your request for a sketch of my early life.

Let me warn you at the beginning, however, that it is very doubtful whether the coveted sketch, or my fragmentary remembrance of "folk lore and traditional events concerning the Thorns," prove of much assistance to you in establishing a "coat of arms." (Shade of Uncle Gideon defend us!) Still I do not wish to dishearten you in your effort, or fad—neither am I less partial to my namesake than I was to your sister, whose craze for collecting curios left me destitute of old-time cream jugs and darning gourds, and drove me to the verge of saying—! There! I know you are growing impatient with this long preamble, but you must bear in mind that old people don't like to be hurried, especially to delving among the misty archives of auld lang syne for material to constuct a coat of arms. From my earliest recollections we, the Thorns, were respectable, industrious, and poor. Poor as the preceding generations of Thorns whose belongings consisted of nothing worthy of mention except large families of bright-haired children, mostly girls. As a would-be punster of ye olden time expressed it:

"The Thorns have plenty of gold (in their hair!)

Also lots of "turnips," (on their noses fair!)

And mo' "lasses," I'll wager a crown—

Than a dozen families in all the

crown—
Than a dozen families in all the

Than a dozen families in all the town."

Yes dear, you have the typical Thorn nose, exact copy, freckles and all—of your great-aunt Olive Thorn; and I assure you there is no cause for blushing at the resemblance, for despite her tip-tilted nose and hair the shade of your sister Patti Mai's "Titian tresses," she was one of the comeliest women of her day. Speaking of Patti Mai reminds me to inquire if she wasn't christened Patsy Mahala for her maternal grandmother? Yes! Well, her father's mother don't blame some folks for doctoring their names. their names

Since we have no reliable data

children of his own, neither had he any near men relatives, public opinion was divided as to whether the old man's reputed wealth would finally benefit the "Home for old Men," or his three needy nieces, namely: Olive Odell, Virignia Pitts, and myself, Leah Thorn. While we three sisters entertained a faint hope of being remembered in Uncle Gideon's will, we also believed that if he had anything to bequeath, the "Home" stood a far better chance of endownment than either or all of us.

all of us.

Once in the long ago Uncle Gideon had wooed a fair maiden, but poverty prevented the consummation of their love-dream; so the young lover resolved to seek a fortune in distant climes then return and claim his bride. But disappointment awaited him. While her vows of eternal constancy still echoed in his ears and kept time with the clang, clang of his pick as he delved in the mines for golden treasure, she, ere he was six months away, married his rival.

Poor Uncle Gideon never recovered from the blow. When told of his fiancee's marriage he staggered as if smitten by an iron hand, and for weeks thereafter bidden fruit. Since the cynical old man had never been blessed with a wife and moaned and tossed in the delirum of brain fever. When he recover-

of brain fever. When he recovered and was able to creep about the

DN BOAT

The mean boat is saling, and for meets thereafter bidden fruit. Since the cynical old man had never been blossed with a wife and moaned and tossed in the delirum of brain fever. When he recovered and was able to creep about the advanced and and was able to creep about the advanced and and was able to creep about the advanced and was able to creep about the advanced and and was able to creep abo HE MOON BOAT Over the free four the meen boat is saling, Slow Fig. The board of the pendy blue sky. Over the sky like the Ogni Watch is traiting Little star lamps for the Sand Man's eve. fical Baby, float, In your silver hoal, Down on the cloud waves of star lighted streams. Float , Baby , float , In your silver hoat, Well, her lather's mother don't blame some folks for doctoring their names.

Since we have no reliable data for tracing our genealogy back to William the Conqueror or the landing of the Pilgrims I think it is best to begin with my paternal grandfather, Joshua Thorn, and his twin-brother Caleb; both of whom were prominent among their backwoods neighbors, the former as a trainer of horses, and the latter as a bee hunter. Family tradition relates that my grandfather lost his life by a kick from a vicious animal, and the fate of his brother Caleb was uqually deplorable for he, poor enfortunate!—after chasing the wild bee and reveling in its amber store until time land whitened his tawny locks, suddenly went on a matrimonial chase which terminated in a bullet through his brain because another man's wife refused to share his log cabin and honey comb. Coming on down to the next generation we find: Joseph Thorn, blacksmith, (my father); Gideon Thorn, farmer, (my uncle); John Thorn, physician, (my consin).

N. B.—John was originally a teamster, but stress of circumstances, a snobbish father-in-law who objected to a non-professional son-in-law-caused the ambitious teamster to add another M. D. to his name.

Those I have mentioned, beside several other distantly related kinsmen, were honest, hardworking men; but there wasn't a "moneyed" man among them unless it was Uncle Gideon, and for many years his financial worth was mere conjecture since he lived as frugally and spent as few dollars as his three poor nieces, one of whom,—myself, went bareforded every summer till she was nearly grown.

Yes, dear, I can refer to that period of my life with the utmost indifference since I am old and decrepit, and worth half a million! But time was, when I was "sonsy and sweet," like you my dear, and (unlike you) had no "tocher" except buoyant health, a fair face, and a wealth of riotous red curls—when I was morbidly sensitive about my faded frocks and plump bare feet. But now—ah, how gladly would I exchange my gold for the barefoot gir Away to the beautiful land of dreams. Over the tree tops the moon boat is drifting. Down where the cloud waves so sleepily glide; Over her bright eyes the Sand Man is sifting Little white grains from his sand bag wide, That, Baby, float, In your silver boat, Down on the cloud waves of star lighted streams, Moal, Daby, float, In your silver boat, Away to the beautiful land of dreams,

"THE MOON BOAT" WON FIRST PRIZE IN OUR RECENT POETICAL CONTEST.



OU MUST keep very still, Rosine, and listen to me very at-ten-tive-ly, because, you know, you are my dearest dollie of all, my fa-vor-tec child. I have nobody but you and Linda and Bluebell to play with this after-hoon, for Ethel has a bad cold and can't come, and I am very lonely. Anutic Bess had to go away for the whole long afternoon, and she told me to be "A little lady" while she was away. I'm a very bad 'lady sometimes, Rosine; I talk too loud, and shout, and Auntie Bess tells me that I'm a regular tomboy, but I don't think I can help that, do you? (Your hair is so tangled, Rosine, and so thick; 'you my word, I believe it grows!)

I wish my Muddie was here; my Muddie is so pretty—Sun are my child and and so pretty. Ethe's your grandmamma, you know, because you are my child and and so pretty. Ethe's your grandmamma, you know, because you are my child and so pretty. Ethe's your grandmamma you know, because you are my child and so pretty. Ethe's your grandmamma, you know, because you are my child and so pretty. Ethe's your grandmamma you know, because you are my child and so pretty. Ethe's your grandmamma you know, because you are my child and so pretty grandmamma Calton. O no Rosine—my Muddie is very young, and she has blue eyes and golden hair. I'm not a bit like her. Muddie says I'm like my Papa that I've never, never seen because he died when I was a little baby, and that's why Muddie can't stay with her little girl but has to be away in New York an' Baltimore, an' an',—St. Louis, a n',—all the big cities. She has to get money to buy things for her chicken—that's me. There's a picture of her just over our heads; see, doesn't she look sweet in it, with her pretty neck and the little wings at her shoulders—not really, truly wings, but little silk tab that look like them. Yon're a happy dollie, Rosine, to have such a pretty grandmamma is pretty. That's an awful thing to say, and Auntie Bess would nobe good when Ethel isn't here to play with me.

Anutie Ene Latt inght! I begaged and begged to sit up half ano

and she does miss me very much.

It's many weeks ite I last talked with you, you dear thing—a real good talk, I mean, and now I'm only doing it because I'm mad with Ethel. I went over to play with her today, and she wasn't very polite. Aunt Bess had let me wear my dancing slippers, because my afternoon shoes hurt me a little, they are so new, and Ethel had on her school shoes with spring heels, and I think—I really think, Rosine, that she was a little bit jealous because my feet looked so smart. She said she thought it looked common to be wearing one's dancing slippers on just any afternoon, and I said, 'Well, Ethel, if you think I'm common you'd better not play with me;' and she said, 'I didn't say you were common I—only said the slippers made you look so'—and that made it worse. So then I said, quite politely; 'I think I must go home now. Good-bye Ethel.' And she just coidly said good-

bye, and didn't even come to the gate with me and I don't think that was polite, do you? But then you never say anything about anybody, you dear old good thing. Muddie says a lady never talks about anybody else, unless she says something nice about them, and so does Auntie Bess. Still, I think—

Yesterday Uncle Charlie took me to his hotel to dine with him, and some other young men came into his room after dinner and they all smoked. Of course they asked me first if I objected to smoking, and I said no, it was not disagreeable to me. Then they listened to me very attentively while I told them about the sermon I had beard in church in the morning. They laughed at nearly everything I said, and when I got home Auntie Bess said one would think I had been smoking myself; and she said she wouldn't let me go to dinner with Uncle Charlie again if he let people smoke in his room while I was there—she said it was bad for my health. my health.

room white I was there—she said it was bad for my health.

A dreadful thing has happened. Rosine—my Muddie is dead. I'm never, never going to talk about it to any one but you and Auntie Bess, but I'm very, very sorry, and there is a heavy lump right here, just here in my neck. That's why I wear this black frock and sash, and that's why Auntie Bess wears a black frock too.

It was this way, Rosine. One day I was having such a nice time out playing in the yard, and everybody was very kind and good, and I had a happy feeling in my heart. All at once Ida—that's the parlor-maid, you know—came out and said, "Miss Lynette, Miss Wyndham wants you,"—so I came in and found Auntie Bess in the drawing-room with a yellow paper in her hand and tears in her eyes. "My darling child" she called me and she took me in her arms 'you must come with me on a long journey; Muddie is ill." I wasn't frightened because Muddie was ill; once before she was ill when I was with her in New York and it was fun. I sat on her bed and talked to her and she laughed ever so much, and said she liked to be ill when she had her chicken with her. So I told Auntie Bess that Muddie would soon be well when she saw me and I liked to go on the cars—but still Auntie looked so sad and tried hard to keep me from knowing that she was crying, but she couldn't.

It took us two days and two nights to get where Muddie was, and when we got there a horrid nurse came to the door and said we couldn't see her, because she was too weak,—and so Auntie and I had to go into another room and wait till the horrid nurse would say we might see Muddie. Then a long time after they sent for Auntie Bess and left me alone with nothing to do but look out of the window on the great, ugly, narrow street away, way down, and it was raining, too, and I never felt so bad in all my life. I was so angry at the nurse—she didn't know that I always sat on the bed when Muddie was ill and put my hands on her forehead, and made her headache well.

When it was getting nearly dark Auntie Bess came b

I've a lovely thing to tell you today, Rosine,—I'm going to have a kind of sister to live with me always and always,—till I'm grown up.

Auntie Bess says I'm getting too old for my years,—she thinks when I'm only seven I ought to be almost a baby, though I don't think so myself: and she says I'm too much with grown up people, and that I don't have as much fun as a child should have; and she never tells me I shout and romp too much, now; and she never tells me I'm not ladylike, and before she was always telling me that.

And so, a dear little girl that is only eight, is coming all the way from England to live with Auntie Bess and me, and be my almost sister. Her name is Gwynnethlyn Rosse, but Auntie says I may call her Gwyn. I know she's pretty, and that she has pretty frocks and hats, for Auntie Bess has a great many pictures of her, and she has a different frock on in all of them, and in some she has a hat on—such pretty ones.

pretty ones.

I wonder if she'll like me. I know I shall like her; and she's going to say Auntie Bess, instead of Miss Wyndham, though she isn't any relation at all. She's just a little orphan girl, like me, and her Father was Lord Something or other—Auntie Bess knows his name, but I can't remember, and you don't care, Rosine. At any rate, Gwyn's just as good as if her Father had been—like mine—only just a

gentleman.

And I'm so glad, so glad. I just feel like jumping up and down and shouting as loud as I can; and Auntie Bess says that I'm looking more like myself than I've looked for a long time.

I must tell you that last night at dinner, I fainted, and had to be carried upstairs and laid on my little bed. Ever since that time when Auntie Bess and I went to—to the place where Muddie was—Auntie has let me take dinner with her in the big dining-room. She says she doesn't want me to be alone at any of my meals, so I'm promoted. Do you know what promoted is, Rosine? It's doing things that big people do, when you ought to be doing things that children do like taking your meals in the nursery. But when Gwyn comes, I suppose we'll have nursery teas again, and we'll play and laugh and sing; and I'll take her all over the house,—and we'll rummage the attic and dress up, and play ladies,—and—and O, what fun it will be! I can hardly wait till day after tomorrow, for it's then that Gwyn is coming.

then that Gwyn is coming.

O Rosine! don't you wish you were a little girl, like me, and not just only a French doll?

## AN EARLY VISITOR.

"When early this morning I wakened. I opened my window quite wide, And what do you think, dearest Mother? A sweet little bird flew inside!

"I caught it at last very gently,
Tis here in my hand, as you see;
I'll let it fly back through the windowPerhaps it is frightened of me."

# THE JORLD'S FAIR

HE WORLD'S FAIR at St. Louis is held in commemoration of the purchase of the Louisiana Territory from France by the United States.

This vast territory was greater in extent and in natural resources than that of the original thirteen states, and its possession insured to the United States the possession insured to the United States the perpetual control of the Mississippi river, the greatest natural waterway on the face of the earth. This vast tract of land lies between the Mississippi river and the crest of the Rocky Mountains, and covers over one million square miles, an area greater than France, England, Scotland, Ireland, Wales, The Netherlands, Belgium, Italy and Spain combined.

combined.

The purchase was made by Robert R. Livingston, United States Minister to France, and James Monroe, afterwards president of the United States, and author of the "Monroe Doctrine." The purchase was made while Thomas Jefferson was president, and he is thus in the popular mind given principal credit for it. Impartial history would seem to indicate that though Jefferson appointed the above named men as commissioners and approved the act consummating the purchase

indicate that though Jefferson appointed the above named men as commissioners and approved the act consummating the purchase, that he was not primarily greatly in favor of it and that to Mr. Livingston is due the principal credit for urging the measure and bringing it to a successful issue.

The original idea was to purchase the island of New Orleans, but when Napoleon offered to sell the entire Louisiana Territory for fifteen million dollars, the representatives of the United States did not hesitate to accept the offer. The treaty was signed April 30, 1803, at Paris, and the formal transfer-was made later on. Napoleon doubtless regarded this vast tract of land as practically worthless. Add to this the fact that it might embarass him to defend it, and that his army lacked proper equipment, which the money would furnish, and we have his reasons for parting with so vast a territory for so small a price. However, it must be remembered that the sum named seemed much larger at that time than it would be regarded today.

Many ridiculed the idea of making such a purchase, many questioned the wisdom of it, and many openly opposed it, but the fact is now apparent that without this territory the present greatness of the United States would have been impossible. The extent of our country was more than doubled, and the way paved for the easy acquisition of other large tracts later on, which at last gave the United States an unbroken expanse from ocean to ocean, and enabled her to stand forth as the greatest nation on the globe.

As to size, the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is by far the largest the world has

for the easy acquisition of other large tracts later on, which at last gave the United States an unbroken expanse from ocean to ocean, and enabled her to stand forth as the greatest nation on the globe.

As to size, the Louisiana Purchase Exposition is by far the largest the world has ever seen. In 1893 Chicago established a new record with her World's Columbian Exposition, covering an area of 653 acres, but the St. Louis Exposition covers 1,240 acres, being nearly twice the size of the Chicago grounds.

It will help our readers to appreciate the colossal size of the Lcuisiana Purchase Exposition if it is noted that it will cover more ground than the Columbian Exposition, the last Paris Exposition, and the Pan American combined. Of this 1240 acres, 666 acres belonged to Forest Park, and the remainder was largely farming land. Six miles of fence was required to enclose it. A vast amount of labor and expense was required to get the grounds into proper shape. Hills forty feet high were leveled down and used to fill up valleys. The tortuous and ragged-edged channel where a stream had meandered for ages, was straightened and transformed into an attractive waterway. Large numbers of forest trees were hewn down, or transplanted along the new streets and avenues within the Exposition grounds. Acres and acres of rough and uncultivated land were smoothed into shape and seeded down into attractive lawns, while thousands of shrubs and flowering bushes have been planted by landscape artists. Several hundred acres are devoted to agricultural, arboricultural, horticultural and mineralogical exhibits, outside the regular exhibit palaces.

The plan of the central portion of the Exposition grounds suggests the lines of a fan. From a central point on the summit of a hill stands Festival Hall, which easily surpasses anything ever attempted in a public way before. This forms the center of a semi-circular Colonnade of the States, from which radiate the avenues on the plane below, which are bordered by the immense exhibits palaces. T



Palace of Liberal Arts.



Corner of Palace of Liberal Arts.

The Colonnade of the States on the crest of the hill is fifty-two feet high, and more than a quarter of a mile in length. Here are placed sculptural groups symbolical of the twelve states and two territories that have been formed from the land acquired by the Louisiana Purchase. The Festival Hall in the center is one of the most imposing of the exposition structures. It is two hundred feet high, surmounted by a dome, and overlooks the entire Exposition grounds. At the ends of the Colonnade of States are two circular restaurants, each over one hundred feet high and similar in a smaller way to the great central dome.

central dome.

In the rear of Festival Hall is located the

top to bottom of the hill, each bordered by bordered by sculptural groups. Over these cascades ninety thousand gallons of filter-ed water will be discharged every of forest were cut to provide the lumber for Exposition buildings.

Five cars were required to haul the nails used in the Palace of Agriculture, and in each car were 450 kegs of one hundred pounds each, making 112½ tons of nails. Inthe form of a cable they would reach from Kansas City to Kansas Ci New York.



Palace of Electricity.

# THE MOTHER'S MEETING "God could not be everywhere - so He made Mothers." By Victoria Wellman.

 $\textbf{Note-L} \text{etters requesting private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and States are also below the private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and States are also below to the private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and States are also below to the private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and States are also below to the private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and States are also below to the private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and States are also below to the private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and States are also below to the private reply and the private reply should be addressed to Victoria Wellman, care of Vick's Family and Control of Vi$ All letters accompanied by a stamp will receive reply in due

#### Mater Dolorosa.

Because of one dear infant head With golden hair, To me all little heads

To me all little heads
A halo wear.
Because of two wide, earnest eyes
Of heavenly blue,
Which look, those yearning eyes,
My sad soul through,
All eyes now fill mine own with tears
Whate'er their hue.

Because of little death-marked lips, Which once did call My name in plaintive tones, No voices fall

No voices iall
Upon my ear in vain appeal
From children small.
Two little hands held in my own,
Long, long ago;
Now cause me, as I wander through
This world of woe,

o clasp each baby hand stretched out In fear of foe;

The lowest cannot plead in vain—
I loved him so!

Selected.

#### Busy Mothers.

Mrs. Go-easy never rose till she simply had to because of her husband's break-fast, and having made no preparations this had to because of her husband's break-fast, and having made no preparations this was a most uninviting meal served with yawns by the wife yet in her wrapper, her hair flying, and often to the shrill music of a crying baby dangling on one arm. Mr. Go-easy seldom enjoyed his breakfast; the coffee was never twice alike and also never good. The other children straggled down, half-dressed, snarling, unwashed. There being few cups or dishes there was often a fight for these. The father scolded vigorously at every one. After dealing out "grub" the mother hastened her work. She must tend to buttermaking, feeding the poultry, pigs, and calves, and keep her kitchen garden. Through the open doors hosts of flies buzzed in and made explorations into soft butter and died valiantly in cups of milk, or rested wearily on the bread. Not a few were entertaining the screaming baby. On washdays these daily events were intensified by whippings.

The common property hair brush and days these days by whippings.

by whippings.

The common property hair brush and comb, both sadly in need of cleansing, were lightly applied to the tousled locks out of respect for "teacher," and after some struggles a fairly respectable group strolled off early to school. Little Jessie, though but three, went with them "cause she is such a trouble"—in fact Mrs. Go-earl had always managed to get her chil-

she is such a trouble?—in fact Mrs. Goeasy had always managed to get her children early to school for this reason. The smiles of these little folks displayed black or broken teeth far from attractive and they never carried handkerchiefs. At school they were troublesome, impertinent, poor students. When they returned home at night after only a lunch, at noon, of hunks of bread and butter with possibly an apple, they were cager for supper and ate voraciously, much like bear cubs. They were sternly forbidden to "bother" or "get in the way" and unless very severe weather were glad to be outdoors until at last half in the dark, without a kiss or kind word, they stumbled off to unaired beds which on the average were made once word, they stumbled off to unaired beds which on the average were made once in a week. Dust and litter were everywhere and soiled clothes and old shoes mussed the room and loaded the chairs. These chikiren grew up "somehow or other" until at the age to observe, when each about fourteen year old child left home partially or entirely. One ran

home partially or entirely. One ran away, but getting into good surroundings became the flower of the family. One

being unable to bear much temptation being unable to bear much temptation was lured by his street arab chums into drinking and cigarette habits, and next into a small burglary which sent him to a Reform School. One girl, the oldest, for a time blossomed into desire for better things under the care of her Sunday ter things under the care of her Sunday School teacher and made a pathetic attempt to improve her home and herself; but early habits were against her, she had no power or money to execute her wishes and drudgery weakened her desire in a home full of bitterness. Her pretty face grew morose; in time "somene" admired her and she, poor child, knowing too little of life's real meaning because her mother had never "bothered" to teach her, or caress her, or give her because her mother had never "bothered" to teach her, or caress her, or give her pretty gifts, found great joy in the professed love, admiration and devotion given her. She bloomed out into beauty for a little space. One day she sobbed a confession to her scornful mother, and was turned out doors by her ugly father who thought it no disgrace to be drunk or profane or to use smutty language, but would not forgive his child's fault—or ignorance. ignorance

In old age Mrs. Go-easy fretted and whined her days away in a Poorhouse where she had been put when her boy, a saloonkeeper, refused her support. "To think, how I and Jim slaved day and night for our younguns! We saved every cent and never had no nice times, or fine clothes, nor pretty things in the house and the very plainest food. We saved till we owned lots o' land; but them plagues o' children never one o' them helped us to keep any of it all nor stayed to home to help us work."

"'Lots of land!' and no home all those years. Too 'busy' to live, in truth was Mrs. Go-easy, too busy seeking for dollars to ever learn how sweet is love and the services which like incense sweeten home. In old age Mrs. Go-easy fretted and

- "'I love you," drives the frowns away;
  "I love you," dries the tears,
  "I love you," are the words to say
  To brighten all the years.
  "I love you," brings the sunny smile,
  "I love you," cheers the heart;
  "I love you," makes life worththe while,
  And bids all gloom depart,

## Young Mothers.

Young Mothers.

During the heated period the care of even the healthiest baby becomes more of a responsibility, requires common sense and no reliance on "they say." Particular attention should be given to following points: dress, diet, over-heating due any cause, good air and plenty of it. During summer, at least, let baby be near to nature's heart. The mother's health therefore is the first consideration, for just as the milk of a thoroughbred Jersey cow would deteriorate under bad conditions, so does the sweet, divinely given human milk become lessened in value or utterly spoiled. Therefore, if a mother desires to be all in all to her nursling babe let her jealously devote herself, avoiding in her own diet, exercise, work or habits any possible causes which may seriously influence the child, Many varieties of drains upon the quality of the milk may exist, being such as physical or sexual excesses, moral burdens, mental strain, violent temper, etc.; if, in addition a foolish mother is selfish or ignorant in her diet, a baby maybe better off on the bottle—but alas! what a loss. A shiver of aversion creeps over me whenever I chance upon a woman who openly declares she will not nurse her baby—"it's so much

upon a woman who openly declares she will not nurse her baby—"it's so much trouble and bother. A woman is tied down and she can't wear pretty dresses, etc.'' On a par with such is she who

"dopes" her innocent little child with "dopes" her innocent little child with paregoric, soothing syrup, cordials, etc., on any possible occasion—"so as I can work." Again alas! This boon, this blessing, this crowning gift and power for good considered as a cross! This pleasure (worth even sharp pain such as some heroically bear "for baby's sake") considered a sacrifice!

some heroically bear 'for baby's sake'') considered a sacrifice!

The nursing mother should eat bland foods, omitting such as cause flatulence. She must forego onions for their bad taste, eat salads and fruit with care, and when beginning any food of which she is suspicious or uncertain take a dose of powdered rhubarb to correct ill effects. In time a baby grows used to certain foods: for instance salads with vinegar speedily produce colic but with' a few drops of lemon juice gradually introduced, no ill effects appear. Some children are pre-disposed to gastric disorders and watermelon, cherries, pears, etc., cause a mild but troublesome form of cholera infantum proving the need of the mother's self-denial. Corn, beans, and cabbage are the worst enemies to nursing babies' peace.

A delicate mother may nurse her babe (if not over-worked) and retain her health and flesh also by drinking each

A delicate mother may nurse her babe (if not over-worked) and retain her health and flesh also by drinking each morning a pint of warm milk slowly. Honey, cocoa, grape juice are of equal importance. Tea, coffee, and malt or more alcoholic drinks are rank foolishness. Even cocoa to excess is quite unnecessary for it is quality not quantity in milk which aids or injures a babe. Cereals and gruels, entire wheat bread, bananas, oranges, apples, prunes, peanutbutter, cream, etc., should be liberally used. The secondary effects of all eaten or drunk come upon baby, and the laxative effects of prune juice are desirable. Nursing women should bathe daily, a sponge bath with a foot soak being excellent, should change clothing, especially hose, often, use care to regulate

ally hose, often, use care to regulate daily bowel action, bathe the bust before

daily bowel action, bathe the bust before each nursing—in short keep sweetly clean "for baby's sake." A babe well nursed six months, if then carefully weaned to a proper diet, is likely to prove by the weekly weight a steady gain.

Always weigh baby each week for at least one year. The mother whose sad loss is that hers must be a "bottle baby" needs special help which we will later discuss; but we feel the need of emphasizing some strong points for bottle fed

discuss; but we feel the need of emphasizing some strong points for bottle fed babies as follows:—

Prepare the food twice daily. Keep it in sealed cans or bottles in a cool place.

Use milk above suspicion, Have baby's saucepans new and shining, devoted to this one use.

Never keep food once offered and refused.

refused.

Never keep food once offered and refused.

Never allow baby to go to sleep with a bottle or to suck on an empty one, Often he might go asleep without emptying his bottle and on awakening resume sucking. Milk kept one hour in a glass bottle in warm weather near a hot little body is unfit for use and has, ere now, caused startling and sudden death. Empty bottle each time and fill with borax water. Remove the nipple, turn inside out, brush it often ere you lay it in a cup of borax water.

Keep two bottles on hand and renew the nipples fortnightly, or else be wary over their daily care.

Watch the baby's bowel action with zealous care. Alter his food in accordance.

cordance. The general points for care of infants in their first and second summer are altogether those which tenderness and good sense should indicate to every woman—

alas! there are some startling discoveries made at times.

made at times,
Keep baby cool. To do this may involve a change in dress but not rash exposure. It does mean letting his nap be taken in a cool spot, protected by mosquito net. You may, on muggy hot days, hasten the cooling of a room by damp cloths hung before the windows and doors. Canvas or tent cloth laid under the sheet will soon create a cool bed. Do not lay baby's head on feathers but make thin pillows of hair and excelsior. Give Baby Water, This is a good rule working two ways, i.e., give water, cool not iced, internally four times a day; give hot water when colic or illness arises; give sponge baths twice daily. A night of close oppressiveness can be en-

(Continued on page nine,)



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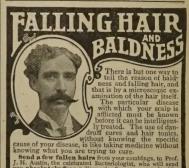
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## Contents-July, 1904.

The Desert Sentinels	1
Mr. Tody Heliotrope	I
My Lady Heliotrope. Woodland Lessons (Poetry) Nasturtiums on Inclined Trellis.	Î
Nocturtiums on Inclined Trellis	ī
For Next Winter	2
The Primrose	2
Primula Obconica	2
Centaureas Very Early	2
A New Way to Make a Fern Ball	2
Beautiful Flowers (Poetry)	2
Petunias	2
Hypericum Moserianum	3
Calla Culture	3
The Arrangement of Flowers	3
Through Fields and Woodlands	3
The Clover (Poetry)	4
Grandma's Sunday Shoes	5
The Moon Roat (Poetry)	5
The Moon Boat (Poetry)	5
An Early Visitor (Poetry)	6
The World's Fair	
Mother's Meeting	7 8
Editorial	9
Home Dressmaking	10
The Household-Preparing Lunches; Shirt Waist;	10
Recipe for a Happy Day (Poetry.)	1.2
In the Garden July's Gifts; Useful Object Lessons;	
Some of the Day's Doings; Vine Plants; Belated	
Work: Some Questions	13
Poultry Department-Summer Care of Hens; Late	-3
Hatches and a Poultry House for \$25,00; Questions	
and Answers; Letter from California;	15
Fruit Notes-Items by Fruit Growers; Thin the	-3
Apple Orchard; Stock in Orchards; The Currant	
Bushes.	16
Farm Notes-The Well-Tilled Garden; Spraying	
Potatoes: London Purple for Cut Worms	17
Association (Poetry)	18
Book Notices	18
Bravery (Poetry), sage of the state of the s	20
Att 2 T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T T	80

joyed by baby after you have given him a salt rub or sponging with salt water and alcohol, followed by hand rubbing. An oil rub after a saleratus water tubbing allays prickly heat.

Keep Baby Clean. This refers to his little mouth which should be washed with borax water, using a swab of cotton on the forefinger, and to his diapers and bedding. Chafing causes much "crossness." How cruel to blame babies for complaining instead of removing the cause. No wonder some babies are "cross." Diapers not boiled often or washed with poor soap (Ivory soap is the best for diapers) are the cause of that persistent interigo which locates on a child and is the cause of nameless misery. Chafed babies require clean dry diapers—such can be used once only and then must be washed with hot water—even more than healing powders, salves or lotions. Tallow is a good cure.

Don't feed the baby "little tastes." Corporeal suasion should be used on everyone who breaks this rule.

By due attention to above, and in case of a nursing babe we may insist on a mother who is never "too tired," a baby can be brought through victoriously despite all the "teething" etc., so dreaded by mothers and fathers.

mothers and fathers.
"Our crosses are hewn from different trees,

"Our crosses are hewn from different trees,
But we all must have our Calvaries;
We may climb the height from a different side
But we each go up to be crucified;
As we scale the steep, another may share
The dreadful load that our shoulders bear;
But the costliest sorrow is all our own—
For on the summit we bleed alone."

## Editorial.

If there is any place where "all work and no play makes Jack a dull boy" more than another, it is in the country. The town boy sees various sights of interest as he goes about his work, and in the evening can gather with other boys for a little fun; but when the day's work is done on the farm, the cows milked, the pigs fed and the horses turned loose, the boy is pretty apt to lie on the grass a while, then bathe his tired, parched feet in the brook, and "go to bed with the chickens!" Well do I remember those long hot days whose supper bell, it seemed, would never ring; those rows of corn which seemed to have no end; those long, dreary weeks when it seemed that Saturday night would never come. The brightest days of farm life to me, were the dark, rainy ones, when with fish-poles over our shoulders and boxes of bait in our haskets, half a dozen of us set out for lake or stream. There were no lagging steps on those trips, we were off with a shout and a bound and if we were tired on our return our weariness was of a different sort, as could be seen by our beaming faces. Life see.ned worth living for many days after such a trip, and somehow the days in the field did not drag their weary hours out quite so much, the corn rows did not seem quite so long, the noonday sun quite so hot after a day with the boys at lake or stream. Give the boys a day off occasionally; it will make life brighter and happier for them, and may be the means of keeping them on the farm, where nine out of ten of them are better off than in town

I would not in any way belittle country life for boys. I much prefer to sing its praises. The boy who is brought up on a farm has an heritage in a healthy body, strong nerves and sound moral principles which is of more value in the battle of life than money bags or social prestige. The farm work which seems such a grind brings with it compensating joys and experiences which can be found nowhere else on earth. Never have I heard the birds singing so rapturously sweet as in the old orchard away back there in the hills at five A. M., where, as a barefoot boy I went to call the cows; never have sounds of industry brought such harmony and contentment as the buzz of the bees in the clover on the old farm; never was my heart lighter or my whistled tunes more exuberant with joy than when I was driving the cows down the long lane and across the brook to pasture; never did the cool shade seem more refreshing than when I lay under the old apple tree for half an hour after dinner for the accustomed "noonin";" never has water tasted so sweet and refreshing as when I lay on my face and drank long and deep from the bubbling spring under the old maple tree on the hillside, and now as I sit at my desk and listen to the noise of the streets, the discordant shrieks of whistles and the ceaseless hum of industry, or as I pass along the crowded streets amid the press of the busy crowd, a longing comes over me to be again near to mother earth, to hear the birds sing again in the old orchard; to hear the bees hum in the clover and to drink again from the spring under the old maple tree on the hillside; but those things cannot be; to be sure the orchard and the birds, the clover and the bees, the spring and the old maple tree are there, but he who has grown to man's estate can never be a boy again and the sounds and sensations which filled his heart with rapture in youth, now have a strange, far away sound. Give the boys a chance; let them have a good time; teach them to love the country by pointing out its beauties and advantages and in after years they will rejoice, as I do with all my heart, that they spent their boyhood on the farm, and when cares increase and the stress of life is full upon them, they will live over those happy days in memory and sing with Whittier, as I often delight in doing:

"Blessings on thee, little man, for half an hour after dinner for the accustomed "noonin";" never

"'Blessings on thee, little man, Barefoot boy with cheeks of tan; With thy turned up pantaloons, And thy merry whistled tunes. From my heart I give thee joy, I was once a barefoot boy.''



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# THE ADIRONDACK

# MOUNTAINS.

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# Home Dressmaking MAY MAY MAY MANTON

# Hints by



Pattern Nos. Waist 4700, Skirt 4697

### A STYLISH SHIRT WAIST GOWN

To the demand for new shirt waist suits there seems literally no end. This one shows quite novel sleeves and is peculiarly well adapted to the embroidery that is so fashionable although it can be trimmed in many ways. The original, from which the drawing was made is of white butcher's linen and is embroidered in French style with a raised design, the skirt being untrimmed. The waist is made with fronts and back; the fronts are tucked at the shoulders and again at each side of the centre plait, so giving a double box plait effect, and the back to give tapering | waist measure.

lines. The skirt is cut in twelve gores, | there being a seam at the centre front, and is laid in fan plaits at each seam. The closing is made invisibly at the back above the plaits, the placket being finished with a deep under-lap. When liked the front and side gores can be cut to form a dip at the waist line, the belt ommitted and the edge underfaced or hound. The quantity of material required for the medium size is, for waist 4 yards 21, 3 1/8 yards 27 or 21/4 yards 44 inches wide; for skirt 165/8 yards 21 or 27 or 8¼ yards 44 inches wide when material has figure or nap; 12 yards 27 or 63/4 yards 4/4 inches wide when material has neither figure nor nap. The waist pattern 4700 is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust measure. The skirt pattern 4697 is cut in sizes for a 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch waist measure.

#### FASHIONABLE AFTERNOON GOWNS

Afternoon gowns of foulard, messaline and similar thin silks are much in vogue for summer wear and are always handsome. The model to the left is made of messaline satin in the shade of green known as antique and is combined with cream colored lace. The waist is an exexceedingly handsome one and is closed invisibly at the left shoulder and front. The skirt is made in three portions, the front gore and circular sides with the gathered flounce which is joined to the lower edge. The sherrings at the upper edge are held by a fitted foundation. The quantity of material required for the medium size is, for waist 31/2 yards 21, 3 yards 27 or 2 yards 44 inches wide, with 2% yards of all-over lace; for skirt 91/2 yards 21, 8 yards 27 or 5 yards 44 inches wide. The waist pattern 4688 is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust measure. The skirt pattern 4682 is cut in sizes for a 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch



The gown to the right is made of foulard in shades of champagne and tan with a yoke and cuffs of ecru lace. The waist is one of the most fashionable of the season with a deep yoke that falls well over the shoulders and is closed invisibly at the back. The skirt is cut in seven gores, there being a box plait at the back edge of each gore with tucks between that are stitched to yoke depth.

The quantity of material required for the medium size is, for waist 4 yards 21, 3 yards 27 or 2 yards 44 inches wide, with 1/2 yard of silk for belt and 1 3/8 yards of all-over lace; for skirt 93/4 yards 21, 91/4 yards 27 or 51/8 yards 44 inches wide, with 51/4 yards of lace applique. The waist pattern 4684 is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust measure. The skirt pattern 4787 is cut in sizes for a 22, 24, 26, 28 and 30 inch waist measure.



Pattern No. 4680

Plaited.

### **FANCY BLOUSE 4680** To be Tucked, Gathered or Accordion

Yokes shaped to form points at front and back and to extend well over the sleeves, are among the latest and smartest shown. This one is made of sheer white lawn with yoke and trimming of lace and is unlined, but the model suits soft silks and wools equally well and the fitted lining can be used whenever desirable. Both waist and sleeves are tucked at the upper edge but can be gathered or accordion plaited with equal success. The long shoulder line is exceedingly graceful and the entire outline of the yoke an exceptionally good one. The quantity of material required for the medium size is 334 yards, 21, 31/4 yards 27 or 2 yards 44 inches wide when tucked or gathered, 51/4 yards 21. 4½ yards 27 or 2¾ yards 44 inches wide when accordion plaited, with 11/8 yard of all-over tucking for yoke and sleeves and 3/4 yards of silk for belt. The pattern 4680 is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust measure.

#### BLOUSE OR SHIRT WAIST 4711

Shirt waists long ago came to be numbered among the must-haves. Whatever else the wardrobe may lack they are certain to be found. This season they are, if possible, more tempting than ever before and are shown in most alluring variety. The model shown is new and smart



Pattern No. 4711

and is suited alike to washable and to silk and wool waistings, but in the case of the original is made of ecru batiste piped with brown and trimmed with little pearl buttons. The quantity of material required for the medium size is 514 yards 21, 4¾ yards 27 or 25% yards 44 inches wide. The pattern 4711 is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust



Pattern No. 4698

#### GIRL'S DRESS 4698

#### To be Made With Low or High Neck. Elbow or Long Sleeves

Rertha waists always are becoming to little girls. This pretty frock shows one combined with a simple gathered skirt and is charmingly graceful at the same time that it is eminently childish. The model is made low at the neck with elbow sleeves, but the sleeves can be made long and neck high whenever they are so desired and all the many materials in vogue for little girl's frocks are appropriate, while trimming can be banding of any sort, frills or almost anything that may be liked. The quantity of material required for the medium size is 6½ yards 21, 5¾ yards 27 or 3¾ yards 44 inches wide, with 7 yards of banding and ¾ yards 18 inches wide for yoke and cuffs when high neck and long sleeves are used. The pattern 4698 is cut in sizes for girls of 6, 8, 10 and twelve years of age. Rertha waists always are becoming to

### Special Offer.

Special Offer.

For a short time we will mail these patterns to any address for only 10 cents each or three for 25 cents. The regular retail prices range from 25 to ents. The patterns are all of the latest New York mode and the patterns are all of the latest New York mode and the pattern acy of fit, simplied and commy. With each is given full descriptions and directions—quantity of material required, humber and names of the different pieces in the pattern, with a picture of the garment to go by.

We can also furnish any of the patterns illustrated in the last Five issues of Vick's Family Magazine, VICK PUBLISHING CO., Rochester, N. Y.

#### A Song For Our Flag.

A bit of color against the blue; Hues of the morning; blue for true, And red for the kindling light of flame. And white for a nation's stainless fame. Oh! fling it forth to the winds afar. With hope in its every shining star: Linder its folds, wherever found. Thank God, we have Freedom's holy ground.

Don't you love it, as out it floats
From the school house peak: and glad young

Sing of the banner that aye shall be Symbol of honor and victory? Don't you thrill when the marching feet And the bugles, and the trumpets call, And the red, white and blue is over us all? It may never be furled through age-long years?

A song for our flag, our country's boast, That gathers beneath it a mighty host: Long may it wave o'er the goodly land We hold in fee 'neath our Father's hand; May that banner stand from shore to shore. Never to those high meanings lost, Never with alien standard crossed, But always valiant, and pure and true, Our starry flag, red, white and blue.

Margaret F. Sangster



LADIES OR GENTS SIZE.

It was our good luck to find a manufacturer of watches who was badly in need of money. He had a large stock on hand. We had the money he needed. We took his watches at our price and gave him our money. We got about twice as many watches for our money as we could get today, and we are going to give shrewd people the benefit of the low prices at which we bought them. It was our intention to sell these watches at \$12.00 and give every person who bought one at this price.

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# VICK'S FOR 1905:

## **FORWARD**

HIS has been our motto ever since the present management took hold of Vick's in 1901. The thousands of enthusiastic letters which we are continually receiving from our subscribers convince us that we have made progress, but we are not satisfied. We shall do more the coming year than in the past, and are sure that our subscriber friends will assist us by interesting others. We shall still further enlarge and improve the publication in 1905 and hope to make the covers even more attractive than the present series, which have met with an enthusiastic welcome among our subscribers.

\*Floral Features\*\*. The leading feature of Vick's has always been its floral articles and illustrations. We are particularly careful to furnish only practical, helpful information on floral subjects. Those who desire to beautify their grounds, or to succeed with their house plants will find just the information desired in the columns of Vick's. Our writers are the best and the information given is absolutely trustworthy. No other publication gives such complete and practical information about flowers as Vick's.

\*Stories\*\*. In order that we might furnish to our readers the best of short stories,

Stories. In order that we might furnish to our readers the best of short stories, we conducted a contest, offering liberal prizes and thus secured twelve excellent stories, selecting the best from a large number of MSS. without regard to the reputation of the writer. Our readers can depend on finding a good short story in each issue of Vick's during the coming year, also an installment of a continued story.

For The Children. It is our aim to publish something of interest to every member of the family in each issue of Vick's. The stories and poems which we have in store for the children for the coming year, are excellent and are bound to make Vick's a popular magazine among the little people. We believe that good, wholesome stories which teach children to be kind to animals and to each other, have a great influence for good—this is the kind of stories which we publish in Vick's.

Nature. We live at such a rapid pace in these days that too few of us stop to

Vick's.

Nature. We live at such a rapid pace in these days that too few of us stop to drink in the beauties of nature which are all about us. Birds and trees and wild flowers are so plentiful in the country as to be commonplace to many and for this reason they never stop to examine them and take in their beauty and wonderful construction. It is the object of this page to point out some of these beauties and wonders to our readers. Under the pen of N. Hudson Moore, this page in Vick's has opened up new worlds to thousands of our readers during the past year and we be peak even more popularity for it in 1905.

The Household. The majority of Vick readers are homekeepers—those whose chiefest joy is to beautify the home and make it brighter and more cheerful for those they love. The butterflies of fashionable society have little use for Vick's, it is too practical and useful. We promise even more helpful and interesting articles on household matters for the coming year.

Mothers. Probably there is no class of people who feel more completely help-less than the young mother who finds herself alone in the home with a wee mite of

humanity to care for and no knowledge or experience to guide her. While groping thus in the dark or while anticipating the arrival of a little stranger, the "Mother's Meeting" department of Vick's comes as a Godsend to thousands of our readers. Mrs. Victoria Wellman, who conducts the department, is the mother of seven children and speaks from ample experience and a heart full of love and sympathy. Her words of cheerfulness and hope inspire her readers to bear the little trials and crosses patiently, looking for their reward in their happy, healthy children. For those who are specially tried or worried, Mrs. Wellman has kind words of cheer in personal letters, which it is the privilege of every subscriber of Vick's to receive.

Home Dressmaking. The large army of mothers who do the sewing for their families, find this department very helpful. The stlyes illustrated are the latest and the fashion hints, instructions for making, etc., are thoroughly accurate and trustworthy.

the fashion hints, instructions for making, etc., are thoroughly accurate and trustworthy.

In The Garden. This department is conducted by John Elliott Morse, the leading writer of the day on garden topics. He has had a vast experience and is able to guide the amateur with unerring step through the labyrinth of little difficulties and perplexities which continually come up in garden work. Mr. Morse's enthusiasm knows no bounds, and those who read his department are sure to get the scent of the soil in their nostrils and travel gardenward. When one once realizes the great possibilities for real pleasure and economy there are in a good garden, nothing will keep him from the possession of it.

The Poultry Yard. "Oh! but we keep hens now," we hear you say. Yes, but do you get any eggs? Are the hens the right kind? Are they properly housed and fed? Do they pay or are they a continual expense? Mr. Vincent M. Couch can tell most people more about poultry raising than they ever dreamed of, and he can give pointers to those of long experience, which will enable them to turn an expense account into a pleasing profit balance on almost any poultry yard. All of his experience is at your command if you subscribe for Vick's.

Small Fruits. It is all right to go to the grocer, and buy wilted, bruised or half decayed fruit if one likes it that way, but it gives one the delightful sensation of living in a land of fatness, to go out and pluck luscious fruit from his own trees, Prof. H. E. Van Deman, who conducts this department for Vick's is a noted authority and writer on these topics, and to those who desire success with small fruits, his department alone will be worth more than the price of a year's subscription.

A Small Farm Weell Tilled. It is our purpose to make Vick's an intensely practical and helpful magazine to all who live in the small towns or rural districts, or who are interested in any way in the soil. We shall give practical hints and information on a large range of subjects along the line of intensive farming. T

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# Household

Preparing Lunches.

BY JOSEPHINE WORTHINGTON.

Long Distance Lunches.—For a person going on a journey of several days, it is a good plan to put up each meal in a separate package with a label; planning to use the perishable fruits for the first few meals. If there are a number of people however, most things must be carried in bulk and it is well to arrange separate receptacles for the different kinds of food. Have a basket for fruits, nuts, cheese, etc. A tall tin pail with tight cover and handle such as contains ginger wafers in the stores, makes an muts, cheese, etc. A tall tin pail with tight cover and handle such as contains ginger wafers in the stores, makes an excellent cake box, another larger one will hold the bread, knife, and butter jar. A third pail can be used for boiled ham, meat loaf, potato chips, pickled tongue dried beef, lettuce, celery, etc. Wash the lettuce, and pack carefully in a cocoa can or two pound baking powder tin; put on cover. It will keep crisp for two days. Wash the eelery, wrap in wet cloth, then paraffine paper.

Basket Pienies.—If lunch baskets are to be used, wrap the bread in a cloth wrung as dry as possible out of cold water or do up each spread sandwich in tissue paper. Wrap the meat and cake in paper saved from cracker boxes.

For the Business Lunch.—Where it is possible, it is a good plan to have a small cupboard or even a starch box with a sliding cover nailed to wall which may contain a bottle of sugar, another of salad dressing, salt and pepper boxes, can of malted milk, jar of beef extract and some simple apparatus to heat prepared tea, cocoa and coffee. There are inexpensive wire attachments to gas jets. A piece of wire bent double will hold a tin cup on a lamp chimney.

Sandwiches—The foundation of a lunch is the sandwich in which great variety can be displayed. White bread one day,

is the sandwich in which great variety can be displayed. White bread one day, brown another, rolls, cinnamon loaf, etc

Meat Sandwiches—Ham, roasted meat or game is better if minced fine and mixed with white sauce. Veal or beef loaf is also good.

loaf is also good.

Veal loaf—1½ pounds veal, one-fourth pound beef chopped fine, one egg, one-half cup bread crumbs, one-half teaspoon salt, one-fourth spoon pepper, onion juice and sage if desired. Mix, press into buttered cocoa cans, brush over with part of the beaten egg, bake slowly. When cold it can be taken from the cans, cut into thin slices, carefully returned and covered. In this way it is much nicer to be carried to the picnic than put directly on the bread.

directly on the bread.

Lettuce Sandwiches with salad dressing are tasty; a few chopped nuts can be added with the dressing or radishes cut very thin to show the red ring.

Fruits—All the fresh fruits in their season, dates grape fruit, malaga grapes, raisins, form the best part of the lunch, when these cannot be obtained jams; and marmalades, rhubarb, orange, peach, spiced plums, fig paste can be spread on bread or served with thin wafers.

Fig Paste—One-half pound of figs, chop fine; juice of one lemon; one cup hot water; three-fourths cup of sugar; cook slowly till a thick paste.

hot water; three-fourths cup of sugar; cook slowly till a thick paste.
Puddings — An occasional pudding should find a place in the lunch box. These can be carried in jelly tumblers, having a glass top that fits with a spring. All the gelatine puddings which can be varied, with chopped nuts, berries, raisins, or sliced bananas are good. Cup custard and rice suit a weak digestion. Candied sour cherries made at home are a delicious addition to various puddings, also bits of candied lemon and orange peel.

Pie-When piecrust is approved, roll the paste very thin, cut the size of a small sancer, put in center two tablespoons of richapplesauce or other stewed fruit. Cut cover same size, moisten edges, press tightly together, bake in very quick

oven. They should be done by the time the fruit is heated.

Cheese—For a railroad journey of several days the pineapple or Edam cheese is the best. The grocer will generally cut the top off which serves as a cover, because it always to the serves as a cover. keeping it clean and fresh. For the quick lunch, Neuchatel and the cream cheeses are good spread on bread or ginger wafers.

Nuts.—In hot weather when less meat is desired, nuts will form a substitute. They are nourishing and digestible if eaten slowly and moderately.

Last, but not least, must be something good to drink. In hot weather some people like iced cocoa; make it rather rich at home and when needed dilute with ice water.

with ice water.

Lemonade—Make a syrup, cool, add lemon juice and bits of yellow rind. Reject the thick, white skin, add ice water when ready to use.

Raspberry vinegar makes a refreshing drink. Put four quarts of berries in a stone jar, pour over them one quart good vinegar, mash, let stand two days. Strain through a muslin bag. Add one pound sugar to every pint of this liquid. Boil slowly five minutes, skim, bottle and seal.

Grape juice, home made, is excellent. Use only Concord grapes. Wash, stem, heat and mash as for jelly; be careful not to boil. Strain and to each pint of juice allow one-fourth pound of sugar, heat, stir till sugar dissolves, skim and pour into strong glass bottles, cork and

## Shirt Waists.

E. J. C.

Shirt waists are such neat, comfortable garments that they merit the popularity which has been accorded them during the last few years. They are made of all kinds of materia., dimity, organdie, linen, lawn and other thin goods being preferred during the warm weather. Some of them are quite plain, others are elaborately trimmed with tucks, rows of insertion, piping, and stitched bands. If you are making a tucked waist, remember that the tucks are run in the material before the waist is cut out, then the pattern is laid on it and the piece cut like Shirt waists are such neat, comfortable tern is laid on it and the piece cut like

plain goods.

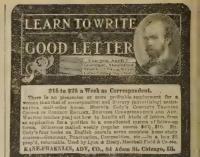
The display of waists was so pretty last summer that almost every woman bought a number of them. The result is that they have several this season that would they have several this season that would need very little fixing over to make them ready to wear again. If the neck band is worn, take it off, press it smooth and cut a new one by it. If you have no pieces like the waist, use white muslin or linen. You have doubtless found that very few of the delicately colored waists could be washed without fading, despite the assertion of the day goods elsevis that the assertion of the dry goods clerks that they were fast colors. That was my ex-perience at any rate, and I found upon examining my wardrobe this summer, several that were not much worn but were too faded and dingy to be presentable. So I boiled them in a strong suds containing a little sal soda to take out what color remained and dyed two of them pale blue and another cream color with diamond dye for cotton. Pink and green are pretty for shirt waists. No one can tell them from new waists, as last year's styles differ very little from those brought out this summer.

#### Recipe for a Happy Day.

"Take a little dash of cold water, A little leaven of praver, A little bit of sunshine gold Dissolved in morning air.

Add to your meal some merriment And thought for kith and kin, And then as a prime ingredient A plenty of work thrown in.

Flavor it all with essence of love And a little dash of play, Let the dear old Book and a glance above Complete the well-spent day,"



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# The Garden



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#### July's Gifts.

"With sweet cooling berries I strew the

hedge,
With rare, ripe cherries I fill the trees;
And odors sweet from the new mown hay Come floating on the evening breeze

We sometimes call her queen of the summer; and truly her gifts are lavish.

This year however, her crown will be lacking some stars, for the elements have

This year however, her crown will be lacking some stars, for the elements have played fast and loose; and August will be carrying off some of the honors which of right belong to her elder sister. We may not complain, though, for doubtless ere the month passes, July will to some extent redeem herself and we shall miss but little of her ordinary grandeur.

The unusual tardiness of the season plays all sorts of tricks with our calculations, and we hardly know whether it is seed time or harvest. There are some lessons to be learned from a season like the present; but none perhaps of greater importance than the fact that high fertility and thorough culture go far towards mitigating the evils of so cold a summer. Many of the June days, our men labored all day long clad warmly enough for April. This excessive cold with the poor soil and infertile seed with which we have had to contend, puts us at a serious disadvantage. For the encouragement of others, it is sometimes well to speak of our own failures, and so without any spirit of murmuring or complaint we desire to recall some of the experiences, which we trust will prove

Useful Object Lessons.

#### Useful Object Lessons.

which we trust will prove

Useful Object Lessons.

In the first place we have learned by actual test that seeds will sometimes utterly refuse to germinate in poor, thin soil, where in rich ground they will thrive and do nicely. Our soil, while naturally good, has been starved by constant cropping and little or no feeding until its spirit, so to speak, is utterly broken. Not long ago, we had occasion to purchase seeds of two or three varieties, both for ourselves and a neighbor. His soil, almost identical with our own in natural elements, had been highly fertilized for several years, while ours had been literally starved. His seed grew and the crops are thriving finely, while much of ours utterly refused to grow and what did germinate is doing indifferently. So we see more and more clearly the force of the adage, "Feed the soil and it will feed you."

A second lesson is that frequent culture has had a very beneficial effect upon the vegetables; so marked in fact that it is readily seen in rows standing side by side. Those receiving the most attention are standing advertisements for thorough culture. If too wet, then we should work to break up the crusts formed by the continuous rains. Plant life in general requires the air and sunshine, and this may be given by judiciously stirring the soil. If the weather is dry, then the culture is needed to form a dust mulch so that the moisture will not evaporate. So, viewed from every standpoint, successful work requires constant effort. If either the fertilizer or culture must be dispensed with, the former rather than the latter had better be discarded. Most of us however, can obtain the fertilizer and I am sure that all of us are willing to see that the cultural conditions are kept inviolate. Just now as I sit at my table, I am wondering how many of our friends are busy in their gardens. Some, no doubt, may whisper almost audibly, physician heal thyself and go forth into your own garden and give precept and example an opportunity to walk hand in hand. Well, to such I say

quired attention, so after helping them out I have found a few spare, or rather stolen moments to jot down

#### Some of the Day's Doings.

To begin with, four o'clock a. m., found the head gardener astir. There was correspondence and other writing to be attended to, and work for the day must be mapped out for several men.

Two and one half hours of this work gave an appetite of rc mean proportions; and there was no disposition on my part to put off until tomorrow what ought to be done today. By this time the men, or rather, what were left of them (for three rather, what were left of them (for three had decided to attend the circus a few miles away), were lining up to receive their orders for the day. Teams were to be set at work and the workmen were dispersed here and there to hoe and weed or prepare vegetables for the demands of the trade. As the day drew nearer the close, it seemed that the more work that was accomplished, the more piled up to meet us at every turn in the road. But withal we see that white much remains withal we see that while much remains to be done, some progress has been made, and we find some comfort in the thought that labor has its reward.

#### Vine Plants.

Vine Plants.

This year we started a good many melons and cucumbers in the hot beds. For this purpose we used berry boxes of the cheapest grade, costing thirty cents by the hundred. These were filled with rich soil and six to ten seeds were planted in each box. This seems like heavy seeding; but we have to remember that last year was exceptionally bad for the maturing of seeds and we prefer to pull out some plants after they are established, rather than to have a poor stand, so we sowed thickly. At setting time, the boxes were thoroughly soaked and the bottoms sufficiently cut away to give freedom to the roots. Holes, large enough to sink the boxes, were dug and box and all were planted. I have never been successful in planting the seeds on inverted sods as is sometimes recommended, for the plants are very tender and hard to handle at best. When carefully handled as above however, they never feel the shock of removal to permanent ground and very seldom fail to grow.

Our lima bean trellis has required con-

Our lima bean trellis has required con-Our lima bean treins has required considerable work; but we feel amply repaid. Strong posts were set to reach seven feet above ground and number eleven fence wire was stretched at top and bottom, the beans were planted one foot bottom, the beans were planted one foot apart under the lower wire and when they are up ready to climb, wool twine is tied to the wires above and below, and they readily climb the strings. They take much more kindly to strings than to poles and require no future training or tying. Of course we use considerable ground, but the small gardens need not be rejected on account of size for other means of training will readily be suggested and for covering unsightly places they are very desirable.

## Belated Work.

Belated Work.

Everybody must be late with their gardens this year I think, so we are able to sympathize one with the other. But even July affords many opportunities for the later vegetables; and many of our readers who have made no attempt as yet, have some spare ground that might be properly used. Beans, late peas, cabbage and in fact most of the garden vegetables can be successfully grown and why not make the trial? So many varieties can be raised even now that it would be lard to give a complete list; and we feel sure that careful attempts will be rewarded. Our readers number many thousands and of course all are not in (Continued on page eighteea.)

(Continued on page eighteen.)

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# Poultry Department

CONDUCTED BY VINCENT M.

Summer Care of Hens. As a rule all flocks lay well in spring and early summer, but along in July and August when the weather becomes hot they are apt to begin to "let up." At this season eggs are likely to be quite high, hence a good part of the year is lost. While we expect there will be a falling off to some extent at this time and during the moulting period, I believe that by proper feeding and good care a good many eggs may be had at this season. We feed quite heavily of grain in cold weather and give mashes, etc., and I think we are too apt to continue these rations along in the summer. In other words we do not adjust our plans of feeding to meet the external conditions. In cold weather the hens must have more fattening food, meat, etc., but as the weather becomes warm so much of this is not required and when the weather gets hot, unless the hens are but in close year. As a rule all flocks lay well in spring have more tattening tood, meat, etc., but as the weather becomes warm so much of this is not required and when the weather gets hot, unless the hens are shut in close, very little or none of this kind of food is needed. In fact, if fed it will do more harm than good, for it will go to make fat and that is what should be avoided. There is less danger of over feeding of grain to hens on open range than to those confined in yards, for they balance it with the grass, worms, etc., that they pick up. So if we are observing and learn what hens eat when at liberty. We can feed them with better results when they are penned up. It has been my experience that hens need more bulky food than is ordinarily given them. Feeding so much concentrated food, and no vegetables or green stuff tends to create conditions favorable to disease. While a good deal of this bulky food may not contain the elements that go to make eggs, it is valuable in diluting the concentrated foods, helping to keep the hens in a thrifty condition. I am quite favorable to feeding the mash at night in warm weather, instead of in the morning, and in summer I seldom feed a mash oftener than three days of the week, and then only just about one half as much as in cold weather. Equal parts of bran middlings and ground oats make a good summer mash. A small amount of linseed meal is also valuable, as in summer it aids in making feathers and preparing them for the moult. If I have skim milk, I always use this in wetting up the mash. For yarded hens that are unable to get green stuff, I provide cut clover, by placing it in racks, or boxes with slats nailed on sides, so they not get into it. I find clover very valuable, the for commer and winter feadvide cut clover, by placing it in racks, or boxes with slats nailed on sides, so they can reach in and eat the clover, and yet not get into it. I find clover very valuable, both for summer and winter feeding. If possible have a little patch of clover where the heus can go in and eat every day, if only for an hour or so. If it has to be cut for the hens, it can be mowed three or four times during the summer. But if we do not have the clover, then some other grasses may be used with good results, but all kinds should be cut fine, when placed in the boxes. Hens will consume a good deal of refuse from the garden, if pains are taken to prepare it for them, such as celery and cabbage trimmings, chopped onions tops and lettuce. I have had excellent results by feeding all the dry grain through a feeding machine; this plan lengthens out the feeding time and keeps them busy.

keeps them busy.

The importance of pure water or wholesome skim milk to drink in warm weather can not be over estimated, and grit, shell and charcoal should not be omitted, neither should a close watch for lice and mites, which no doubt are responsible to a greater extent for poor profits in sum-mer than any other one thing.

#### Late Hatches and a Poultry House for \$25.00.

Chickens hatched along in July and August if well taken care of for just four weeks are profitable stock to raise, but I find in many instances that the late hatches do not turn out well for the reason that they are neglected. Because

the weather is warm some people seem to think that the chicks will take care of themselves almost from the start. If to think that the chicks will take care of themselves almost from the start. If there are any lice or mites on the premises they are sure to be active and make their share of trouble at this season of the year with the little chicks, as well as with the old birds. It will take but just one of these large head lice on a chick to fix him in two or three days so the chances of his living to amount to anything, will be poor. Undoubtedly, a great many times these lice, with the numerous little mites—which are most sure to be on hand, are more the cause of a failure in midsummer than the hot, sultry weather. Little chicks enjoy warmth, in fact it is necessary to their well-being, but there is such a thing as over-doing the matter. To compel them to remain out in a boiling hot sun is not conducive to their health, "they just can't stand it." But if they are kept free from vermin and are surrounded by the proper conditions of food, drink and cleanliness they should grow rapidly. If the proper conditions of food, drink and cleanliness they should grow rapidly. If eggs are the thing in view I would suggest that for July and August hatches only quickly maturing breeds be used, such as the Mediterranean class. Although Rhode Island Reds with us hatched in July last year laid in December. Late hatched chickens that do not have good care all the way through, so as to come very near to full maturity before cold weather comes, are not apt to lay until spring, and for this reason great care should be exercised to shove them along as fast as possible. along as fast as possible.

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EY CO., V-74 Syracuse, N. Y.

Possibly you may be contemplating the erection of a poultry house this fall. There is no better season in the year to build than in late summer or early fall. In the treat a great many people living on rented places who wish to keep a few hens, and others who own their values, and do not wish to put much money into a hen house. For this class I will submit the following details of a building costing but \$25.00 exclusive of labor. Size of building sixteen by ten feet, shed roof seven feet high in front and four feet high in the rear, two six light sash, ten by twelve glass, on south side, door on east end. The two other sides being entirely closed up. The sides for rough sheathing and battened on outside, inside lined with tarred paper. The troof of hemlock boards and shingled. Dirt floor well drained. Place sills on stone foundation, and fill in level with will insure against damp ness. Make roof to project over about fourteen or sixteen inches for protection. Roosting platform should be made of planed boards so it may be more easily cleaned off. Perches of two by four material rounded on top and ten feet long, in a decent of this magazine acquainted at co-operative plan we will give ababa beautiful gold filled ladiés brooch underen seate and the pour messand on the province of a poultry house this fall. There is no better season in the year to pull than in late summer or early fall find there are a great many people terial rounded on top and ten feet long, fastened together two feet apart by cross pieces and hinged to the studding, two and one-half feet from the floor. In this way they may be raised and temporarily fastened to the rafters, when cleaning off the droppings. The cost of material for this house will depend somewhat on the location, as building material is much more expensive in some places than in others. Almost any one who is handy with tools can put up such a house in a with tools can put up such a house in a week or ten days, and in this way provide a respectable and comfortable house for its fowls. Those who wish to keep a moderate sized flock of hens and have at present no suitable place, I would urge to consider this plan.

#### Questions and Answers:

Do Leghorns become broody? They frequently do after a couple of years old, but they are not reliable sitters and

What are the greatest fat producing foods for poultry? Of grain, corn and its by products; buckwheat is also quite fattening; potatoes and all starchy vege-

My hens make a wheezing and snuffing sound when on the rook at night, what is the trouble? Colds or first symptoms of roup. Separate the afflicted ones from the others at once and treat them.

Oak Hill, Napa Co., Calif., May 24, 1904. Mr. Vincent M. Couch,

Dear Sir—You may get a variety of responses to your request in Vick's for information in regard to poultry raising in California. When I travel through a section of the

in California.

When I travel through a section of the country and find that nearly everyone is engaged in one particular occupation, I judge that to be a good place for that line. About forty miles north of San Francisco, at the head of tide water, is Petaluma, a little city of about 6,000 inhabitants. Here is to be found the poultry producing metropolis of Northern California. Some of the largest henneries run flocks of from two thousand to five thousand fowls. It is considered one man's work the year around to take care of a thousand chickens. Land within a radius of ten miles of Petaluma is held at prices varying from sixty to two hundred dollars an acre.

Today's quotations in the San Francisco papers put eggs at from sixteen to nineteen cents. The cost of feed varies so much with the individual notion of what and how to feed that no safe figure can be quoted here. Wheat is worth today from seventy-five to eighty cents per bushel and is the staple poultry food. The stores in Petaluma deal in all the preparations designed to keep hens healthy and busy.

The climate of the country anywhere

The climate of the country anywhere The climate of the country anywhere on tide-water of San Francisco Bay is good for poultry; but some spots are exposed to severe winds and would better be avoided. The coast climate, i. e., of points lying near the ocean is too damp for people whose lungs are not strong.

While this Golden State is being vigorously praised by men who repesent some

money making scheme or other, I should say the immigrant need not expect to find any very large openings unfilled. California has been over-advertised and there are lots of people here who would go back to "America" if walking was good.

I've lived here over forty years and love the state so that it makes me angry to have strangers make hasty remarks about the country. It's all right once you get located and acclimated.

Very truly yours,

M. Reynolds.

#### Death by Neglect.

Death by Neglect.

Dr. D. M. Bye, the eminent specialist, of Indianapolis, says thousands of persous die from cancer every year from no cause save neglect. It taken in time not one case in a thousand need be fatal. The fear of the knife, or the dread of the burning, torturing plaster causes a few to neglect themselves till they pass the fatal point where a cure is impossible, but by far the greater portion die because their friends or relatives, on whom they are dependent, are insensible to their sufferings and impeending danger till it is too late. Book sent free, giving particulars and prices of ok sent free, giving particulars and prices o s. Address Dr. D. M. ByE, Drawer 505,Indian plis, Ind.

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### Corn and Bunion Cure Free!

Items by Fruit Growers.

Items by Fruit Growers.

The aphis, or green louse, can be killed without any injury to the foliage at all without much trouble. Take one-fourth pound of epsom salts, dissolve it in one gallon of water and apply with an ordinary spray pump, a broom or sprinkling can. Once the aphis has gone on so long that it has curled itself into the leaf you cannot reach it with anything. J. H. Ledy, Marion, Pa.

Two years ago a grower in this section left two rows of cherry trees unsprayed. The resulting loss he estimates at about \$200, but thinks the experiment has been worth enough to balance all its cost. M. N. Edgerton, Petoskey, Mich.

The vegetable lice which sometimes infest melons may be killed by the application of whale-oil soap, eight pounds to fifty gallons of water, but the essential thing is to have a good strong vine, which will not be harmed by these insects. J. W. Lloyd, Urbana, Ill.

My orchard of sixteen acres set in 1880, gave me the past season a net profit of \$125 per acre. Early in the season

My orchard of sixteen acres set in 1880, gave me the past season a net profit of \$125 per acre. Early in the season when it became evident that the trees would overbear, we went to work and succeeded in thinning four rows, about half-way up the trees, at a cost of seventy dollars. The fruit on the thinned portion was nearly all first-class, while in the rest of the orchard were quantities of culls, not wormy, but undersize or otherwise second quality. The seventy dollars paid out for thinning brought in \$1,000 of increased value. If the whole orchard had been thinned the gain would have been at least another \$1,000. T. O. Wade, Traverse City. Mich.

Mich.

While the profits of commercial fruit While the profits of commercial fruit growing are large and certain, the family fruit garden will always be a source of great profit. The land owner who does not have a full variety of fruits of his own growing, is missing his greatest opportunity of safe high living at small cost. Among the first fruits of the season the strawberry will ever hold leading place in fruit gardens and the appreciation of the masses. We all naturally like to see quick returns for any of our efforts, and that is one reason why sharpers with "get-rich-quick" schemes find such ready victims. There are no cheats in nature's scheme of growth and development, and if good There are no cheats in nature's scheme of growth and development, and if good strawberry plants are properly tucked away in almost any bed of mother earth, it only requires a few months of culture and plant growth before one can see the wondrous harvest of delicious berries to delight the eye and tickle the palate. J. H. Hale, Hartford County, Ct., American Cultivator.

#### Thin the Apple Orchard.

Recent investigations by the Horticultural Department of the Cornell Experiment Station reveal the fact that, in many of the older apple growing sections of the State, the most serious enemy of the orchard is the tree itself. enemy of the orchard is the tree itself.

There are far too many on each acre of ground. They are now competing for food, for light and for space. Statistics show that the yield decreases as the number of bearing trees per acre increases. In most orchards the trees stand forty to fifty feet apart; yet at forty-five years of age they are crowding, and they should be thinned. Probably they will not be thinned. The tillage is excellent, the pruning and spraying are sufficient, but the trees crowd each other, and maximum crops of maximum quality cannot be raised under these circumstances. — John Craig, in New York Tribune.

# Stock in Orchards.

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me a stamp and the names of 5 people who have is, Bunions or Callouses on bottom of feet, and I and you a package of my wonderful Corn and In platers, Free.

Norwood, N. Y.

Stock in Orchards.

Now and then we see the advice given to pasture the stock in the orchards. But if the orchard is a modern one we doubt much if this advice is good. It might have been all right in the old fashioned orchard that had trees headed high, and of which the stock could not eat the lower branches nor gather the fruit from them. But in some of our best orchards the trees are headed so low

that the branches almost lie on the ground, and in the growing season a large amount of fruit would be within the reach of the stock, whatever kind it might be. Poultry is about the only class of farm stock that can be given access to the orchard without running great chances of extensive injury resulting. Farm Sentinel.

#### The Currant Bushes.

The Currant Bushes.

Under favorable conditions the currant is a vigorous grower, and, of course, needs a large supply of food. Its roots are small and fibrous so fertilizers should be applied generously, directly, and at least annually. The neglect to yearly dress the bushes after a bearing age is the reason many fail to succeed in the cultivation of this fruit. These annual dressings need not be large, but should be applied about the roots of the bushes and always before the ground freezes. Any well rotted manure will be beneficial, with the addition of wood ashes, bone meal, or chemical fertilizer. An examination of the root system of the currant will convince one of the necessity of frequent applications of fertilizing elements to assure good crops of fruit. The roots grow in a limited space and largely near the surface. The currant pushes forward so early that the growth of the wood for the season is mainly accomplished by the tenth of June in ordinary seasons, and the fruit half to two-thirds grown in Connecticut by the end of May. This, and the fact that the roots grow near the surface, point to shallow culture near the bushes, and the necessity of keeping the ground clear of grass and weeds.

Growing grass among the trees, then Under favorable conditions the current

Growing grass among the trees, then cutting it for hay, is not an experiment in many of our orchards, but a practice which does not produce the most desirable results. If clover is allowed to grow among bearing trees, which in many cases seems beneficial in fixing nitrogen, there should be at least a portion of it left for mulch to keep the ground from getting too dry in July and August, when the fruit crop is a heavy drain on the tree for moisture, at least where water is not available to supply in a measure what has been evaporated and absorbed by the grass.

It is just so much money thrown away to set out an apple tree where the ground is continually wet. Apple trees cannot go with wet feet and not catch their

Cherries were known in Asia as far back as the seventeenth century.

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# Farm Notes

The Well-Tilled Garden.

The Well-Tilled Garden.

The little farm well tilled is the lesson the foreigner in our country districts is teaching and the scarcity of help is compelling natives to apply. At a farmer's meeting last winter it was said and not disputed, that with the uncertainty of help one did not dare undertake to work more land than he and his immediate family could carry through, and with the women folks counted in. Time and again last year, crops were grown that for lack of help were not harvested; berries went to waste by the bushel for lack of pickers. Farmers with broad acres upon which taxes must be paid, are compelled to let them be idle and operations are reduced to the small tract contiguous to the dwelling. But, great as the lament is over these conditions, they are compelled to confess that by manuring heavily, planting close with crops having a quick sale, and having something in the ground coming on and going all the time, the profits are increased, the labor required and running expenses are lessened, and anxiety is reduced to the minimum.

The owner of two farms reported letting out one of about 200 acres at four per cent on the price he paid for it, retaining for his own use one of twelve acres as quite as much as he could be stre of caring for. His figures for the year were:

sure of caring for. His figures for the

Expended for manure, fertilizer, feed for stock and wages........\$803.23 Income........\$1,841.53

and it is very plain to see. In garden or farm work don't try to do too much, don't go beyond vour best capacities. American Gardening.

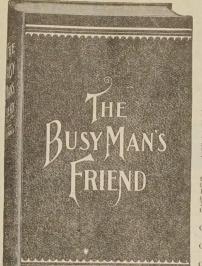
#### Spraying Potatoes.

As I have successfully used Bordeaux on my late potato fields five seasons, I will give my experience and opinion of the value of Bordeaux when faithfully used. The first season of spraying I planted one measured acre with northern grown Delaware seed, using 2,500 pounds of potato fertilizer, and as the season was very showery was obliged to spray six or seven times to keep the vines fairly well covered with Bordeaux and free from blight. In October I harvested from the above acre 420 bushels of large, smooth tubers. The second year of spraying I planted two and one-half acres, using one ton of fertilizer per acre; sprayed four times and harvested 800 bushels. In this, my second year of spraying, I succeeded in keeping my vines green much longer than desirable, as the tubers were not ripe and in good condition to dry and store until November, when the soil was very moist from the late Fall rains. The third season I planted one and one-half acres, sprayed three times and harvested As I have successfully used Bordeaux very moist from the late Fall rains. The third season I planted one and one-half acres, sprayed three times and harvested 500 bushels, and the following season two acres, yielding 700 bushels, and last season (1903) two and one-half acres, from which I harvested 1,000 bushels of large smooth tubers, or an average yield of 360 bushels per acre from the nine and one-half acres planted and sprayed in the five above-mentioned years, which is fully twice the yield received from my fields unsprayed. Rural New Yorker.

## London Purple For Cut-Worms.

For cut-worms mix a heaping table-spoonful of London purple with four quarts of wheat bran. Moisten it so you can handle it and scatter along rows or hills or broadcast over field. This is the most successful way to fight them. Sprinkled on lawns where worms are taking the grass, London purple has done available according to the control of the contr excellent service in exterminating the pests.

# 



The following is the Table of Contents in part, which speaks for itself.

The Hows of Business.

ess, How won.

s, How to write, collect, transfer, etc.

cipts, Different forms.

rs, How to write,

Bills, How to write,

rms.
i Exchange.
s, How to do business with.
s, How to transfer.
How to demand payment.
ye, How to make quickly.
h, How to obtain. ow to send by mail.

S. How to settle by arbitration.

ration.
ts, How to do business with.
r of Attorney.
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address plainly on the sheet. If you desire more than one trial we will give you one chance for every additional subscription you obtain. Send in your subscription at once, you may win one of the big prizes. The one getting all of the names correct will win the first prize, the one getting the next nearest correct list, will win the second prize and so on until the four prizes have been awarded. In case of a tie on any of the prizes they will be divided equally between those tying.

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If you can name three or more of the men correctly you will be registered in a Special Weekly Contest in which a valuable prize will be given each week. If you win a weekly prize you will still be entitled to participate in the main contest.

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(By A. M. Johnson.)

'Twas on a summer evening, In the years of long ago, That his love for me was plighted In accents soft and low,
When all around was silent
Save the vesper sparrow's thrill,
And the sweet and plaintive singing
Of the lonely whippoorwill.

And now when'er the summer And now when'er the summer
In beauty doth appear,
His words so sweet and tender
Seem whispering in mine ear,
As at eventide I listen,
When all beside is still,
To the whippoorwill's sweet singing
And the vesper sparrow's trill.

#### In the Garden.

(Continued from Page Thirteen.)

position to engage in the work even on a small scale. But there are many who can, and we are interested and anxious to have every available reader enlist in the garden corps and get interested in the work that God first gave man to do.

#### Some Onestions.

Some Questions.

S. L. Austin, Akron, N. Y.—"I saw an article in your garden department referring to dry Bordeaux mixture. Where can one get those double cone bellows, and also the mixture? The bellows can be obtained at many of the hardware stores. The dry Bordeaux as also bellows can be had of nearly all the seed firms and a letter to your seed dealer will very likely give the needed information as also the articles themselves.

Ruth A. de Rocher, Berlamont, Mich.—"I have heard that disparene is good to rid a garden of moles. If this is true how is it used? I am anxious to use a Bordeaux mixture on my garden stuff. The formulas are so large that I cannot get the right proportions for a hand sprayer? Do I spread the air-slacked lime over my asparagus rows the same as ashes over the ground? Do I put the nitrate of soda on the ground near the melons, and about how much?

low much? I am unable to say defintely as to the virtue of disparene for moles, never having used it. There are several makes of mole traps that I think would be preferable to the disparene; nearly all the seedsmen advertise the traps and they are all good I think. As to the Bordeaux mixture, use four pounds fresh quick lime, four pounds vitriol, blue stone or sulphate of copper (all apply to the same article); and fifty gallons of water. Slack the lime carefully, starting with hot water. Keep it boiling for twenty to thirty minutes and stir frequently. Put the sulphate of copper in a sack and suspend in water until all is dissolved, using a wooden vessel. It is easy to dissolveit in the barrel tin which the mixture is made and several gallons of water may be used. When dissolved, add nearly the full amount of water and thin the lime down to the consistency of water or milk. Strain through coarse cloth into the barrel and stir the mixture while adding the lime. These are the proportions for fifty gallons but less quantity can be made by preserving the same ratio. If carefully made, it should work in any sprayer that has a good nozzle.

The nitrate of soda may be spread I am unable to say defintely as to the virtue has a good nozzle.

The nitrate of soda may be

The nitrate of soda may be spread around the plants; but do not allow it to get on the foliage. A small table spoonful is sufficient for a hill and it should be worked into the ground as soon as applied. Spread the lime on the rows or all over the ground the same as ashes. Salt is also good and may be applied the

#### Items of Interest.

What is said to be the largest log ever floated in Puget Sound has been towed into the Capital Box Factory pond. It is a forty-foot spruce log, nine feet through at the small end and fourteen feet through at the large end. It was cut on the Skagit river banks.

A kitten was lately brought up on an exclusively vegetarian diet by a London family of vegetarians. The result is that it will not touch animal food, and pays no attention to rats and mice that are purposely permitted to wander across its range of vision.

#### Book Notices.

Book Notices.

Getting Acquainted with the Trees. By J. Horace McFarland. To one just seeking acquaintance with our common trees, no more instructive or useful book could be found. The beautiful illustrations from Mr. McFarland's own inimitable photographs not only help to make the work exceedingly attractive but also serve as a guide to the identification of the trees described. The dimly outlined shadow pictures remind one of those cast by the moonlight or electric light on sidewalk or window pane, which he has so often vainly wished might be preserved. The tree lovers who already have more or less acquaintance with the alternative for their favorites are sure to be lovingly described and all their good points noted. No lover of trees can afford to be without this truly charming book. Published by The Outlook Company, 287 Fourth Ave., New York. Frice \$1.075 net.

Additional.

Proceedings of the Forty-Ninth Annual Meeting of the Western New York Horticultural Society. The meetings of this well-known Society are always full of interest, and the reports are exceedingly valuable to every fruit-grower, as they are made up of the actual experience of the best horticulturists in the country. What varieties of fruits are most desirable to plant, the best methods of planting, cultivating, gathering, packing, storing and marketing are among the subjects discussed. Excellent portraits of Dr. Jordan, of the Geneva Experiment Station, and Doctors Roberts and Bailey of Cornell University are given in the frontispiece. Any one can become a member of the Society by sending one dollar to the Secretary, John Hall, Rochester, N. Y., and a copy of the proceedings will be sent free by mail.

The Fifteenth Annual Report of the Missouri

will be sent free by mail.

The Fifteenth Annual Report of the Missouri Botanical Garden contains among other articles one on Typical Swamp Areas, and on Aberrant Vail Remnants in Some Edible Agarics which are particularly interesting. A large number of fine illustrations make a very attractive and valuable volume.

Country Life in America for June is a thoroughly interesting number from the first to the last page, and the illustrations are numerous and particularly fine. Doubleday, Page & Co., Publishers, New York, N. Y.

### When Old Friends Meet.

Hello, Jack! Glad to see yer, How's the wife and little Mirander, Hearn she was sick with ther measles, Pesky things! There're meaner'n weasels Had'em once myself, yer know, Never had a harder row to hoe.

How be I? Well now I say, When you were here t'other day And saw me layin' that in the corner, Guess you tho't I wuz a goner. Tho't so myself, too, by gum! Though I wouldn't let on so tu hum.

Didn't want the folks all afeard, So I just joked and cut up and jeered, Tho' the pain cut up some, you bet; And often my eyes were a most wet With the tears that I couldn't keep back It beat me more'n once, for a fack.

Vitæ-Ore—the folks call it as sells it;
Vitæ-meanin' life, as they tells it.
And life is what it gave me, that's certain
When the Lord had 'most rung down ther curtain
Why man! It's that quick, just like lightnin'
Ther enemy just quit and stopped fightin!

Take Hum some for the darter, Jack, Use it and give all others ther sack; Take my word for it hum to the wife Just tell her it sure is the Ore of Life And you'll learn to bless it just like me That ought ter, as any and all can see.

A full-sized One Dollar package of Vite-Ore-the Ore of Life-will be sent on thirty day's trial to every reader of this paper who requests it. Read the offer made on the back cover page in this issue by the pro-prietors, the Theo, Noel Company of Chicago.

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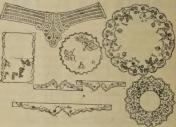
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# Grandma's Sunday Shoes

(Continued from page five.)

women folks, and times are hard as mill stones, reckon I'll have to trade a yearling or shote for enough money to treat niece Olive to a few balls of embroidery silk, and Babe (my nickname) ought to have a pair of Sunday shoes about Christmas. And that reminds me that I promised niece Virginia a new cradle for heryoungest brat. Say—how many young ones are there at Virginia's house now? Seven! and were all of them rocked in that old jig-ety-jig home made cradle? "Well, no wonder the poor thing creaks and groans like a wheezy beast, after serving seventeen, or is it seventy?—squallers. Most of 'em girl squallers too, by ginger!"

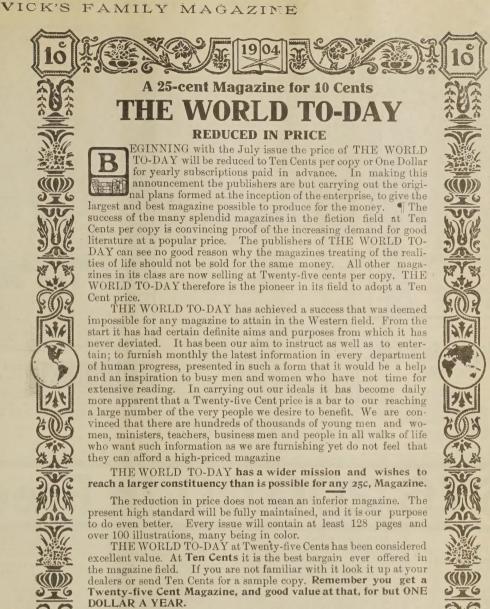
At first I looked forward with childish faith and eagerness to the promised gift, women folks, and times are hard as mill

At first I looked forward with childish faith and eagerness to the promised gift, but alas for my expectations! Christimas, and Uncle Gideon with renewed promises, came and went with accustomed regularity, while I grew from a toddling infant to a tall girl; but my shoes!—

shoes!—
The winter of 18— was unusually severe, and during one of the coldest nights of that Arctic January, Uncle Gideon suddenly passed away. When news of his death was supplemented by a rumor that Lawyer Brief would, according to instructions, read the last will and testament of deceased immediately after the funeral, no little excitement and curiosity were aroused among our neighbors. funeral, no little excitement and curiosity were aroused among our neighbors, and when the funeral rites were over quite a crowd braved a swirling snow storm to accompany Uncle Gideon's "heiresses" (?) to Lone Oak Cottage for the purpose of listening to the off-discussed will.

And such a will! Really if it had not been for the solemnity of the occasion one could have laughed at the absurdity of poor Uncle employing a lawyer to write a document whose insignificant (?) bequests cost less than the lawyer's fee.

been for the solemnity of the occasion one could have laughed at the absurdity of poor Uncle employing a lawyer to write a document whose insignificant (?) bequests cost less than the lawyer's-fee. According to the will it appeared that Uncle Gideon, instead of being a rich man was really as poor as his nieces. Shorn of its technical terms, Uncle Gideon's will ''gave and bequeathed Lone Oak Cottage and its humble furnishings to his faithful servant Pompey.'' Sister Virginia was the recipient of a child's crib, sister Olive's share was a basket containing a dozen balls of silk floss; and my ''legacy'' was the oft-promised pair of Sunday shoes! After receiving our ''legacies'' the days passed in the same monotonous fashion at our house. Sister Olive's needle clicked steadily as of yore, Becky looked after the kitchen and loom, while I carded and spun wool rolls, tended the fowls, romped with sister Virginia's pretty babies and at intervals admired my fine Sunday shoes. In fact my admiration for my shoes was so intense (Becky called them my ''leather gods')' that I resolved not to wear them until the Fourth of July, by which time I hoped to sell enough broilers to treat myself to a new white dress. In this dress, and my Sunday shoes—I would attend the big barbecue, held annually at Cedar Grove, where in all probabilty my attire would eclipse every other costume on the premises. You remember the fable of ''The Milk Maid and the Spilled Milk?'' Well! At an early hour on that memorable Fourth of July, wagons, ox carts, and the more pretentious cariole, loaded with men women and children, the latter sandwiched between hampers of home-made delicacies—wended their way to Cedar Grove. I, however, had no intention of being numbered among those early visitors since I had decided to take extra pains—which called for extra time—with my toilet on that particular day. But fate in the person of burly Squire Johns, caused my well-laid plans to ''gang aglae.'' The Squire and his daughter had kindly offered me a seat in their carr



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had (like the Squire) "started early," the former to spend the day with Virginia, while Becky (perched on the tongue of an over-loaded ox wagon) was already en route to "de big bobby cule." As the Squire continued to mutter and grumble and cast fierce glances towards my window, I ran frantically from one garment to another, and finally concluded the insane performance by literally jumping into my pretty frock, jabbed a toothless tucking comb through my tousled hair; snatched my kerchief; (which proved to be Olive's night cap!) grabbed my hat by one string, while its mate trailed in the dust like an animated pink serpent!—leaped into the carriage and away we went!

It all happened so quickly and the spirited horses made such good speed, that we were in sight of Cedar Grove before I made the mortifying discovery that I had forgotten to put on my Sunday shoes!

(To be continued in August number.)

MRS. CORA A. MATSON DOLSON.

Sing as you will of bravery, Of men who die at duty's call; I deem some loyal woman's breast Has held the bravest heart of all.

#### A Dream.

BY FRANK H. SWEET.

I went to sleep, and dreamed that I Had climbed the ladder, fame, And that the world was praising me And honoring my name

But when I woke, I found the dream Was happily untrue;

The world was still before me, and



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